

THE REFORM SCHOOL.

The Corner-stone to be Laid Today.

THE PROGRAMME OF EVENTS.

Description of the Buildings—Railroad Accommodation for the Attending People.

As near as can be ascertained, there are between seven and ten thousand people who expect to attend the ceremony of laying the corner-stone of the Reform School at Whittier today. The Southern Pacific will provide ample accommodations for all who wish to go. It will run five or six trains. The first will leave the Arcade depot (Wolfskill tract) at 9 o'clock. The 9:30 train will contain the military and the various societies which will participate in the ceremony. From that time on until 11 trains will leave at intervals of half an hour or less, until all who wish to go have been accommodated.

From Whittier the trains will begin returning at 2:25 p. m., and the last will leave at 5 o'clock. The round trip fare is 50 cents. Members of the various organizations which are to take part will be passed on their uniforms and badges. Secretary Patton, of the Chamber of Commerce, will be at the depot to give badges to the members of that body. A large number of invitations have been sent out in the form of white tickets, which include passage to Whittier and back. The recent ones have been stamped "Postponed" in blue letters, but this is not necessary to make them valid as passes. These invitations include a lady.

The Santa Fe will run an excursion from San Diego, leaving there at 5:30 and arriving at Santa Fe Springs at 10:30. A train will leave San Bernardino at 7:50 and get at Santa Fe Springs at 10:25.

The ceremony at Whittier will begin with a procession from the depot to the

suggests that the families who go had better take baskets of lunch with them. There are fifteen or twenty restaurants in the town and several hotels. Plenty of benches will be provided.

After dinner there will be a review of the troops by the Governor, a battalion drill and rifle practice.

Hon. James R. Lowe, one of the members of the Board of Trustees, whose name appears on the printed programme, will be unable to be present. The printed programme also contains mention of addresses by Hon. John P. Dunn, State Controller, and Hon. G. A. Johnson, Attorney-General. These will not take place.

Visiting G. A. R. comrades are invited to join John A. Logan Post, and to leave No. 24 South Spring street at 9:30 sharp. The members of General Johnson's staff will assemble at the brigade headquarters at 8:30 a. m.

THE BUILDINGS.

Accompanying this article will be found a representation of the Reform School as it will appear when finished. The main or executive building will have a frontage of 216 feet and a depth of 120 feet, and is in the shape of the letter "L." The height of the building to the top of the roof is 84 feet. In the center of the front is a tower 36x40 feet at the base, rising to a height of 150 feet, with a turret projecting 4 feet on one corner and extending 8 feet higher than the main tower; the whole will be surmounted by a flag pole 40 feet higher. The flag will contain forty-two stars. On the south corner of the building there is a circular tower 90 feet high. The buildings will be of brick, with partition of the same material making it fireproof. It will be four stories a basement, and the foundations are of concrete. The exterior will be of pressed brick and Sapee brown stone, and the roof will be of slate. In the basement there will be a boys' dining room 44x50 feet, kitchen, store rooms, plunge bath, dressing rooms and lockers, lavatory with accommodations for 150 boys, play room 40x50, cold storage room, dairy, etc.

The first floor will contain an entrance hall 14 feet wide, side and cross halls 10 feet wide, all laid in marble; reception room, pharmacy, school room for 85 boys, chapel 50x100, with a gallery 36x50 feet, and a ceiling 44 feet high, seats of latest improved opera chairs; rooms for assistant superintendent, consisting of parlors, dining room, chambers, etc.;

THE COUNCIL.

The Injunction Matter Laid Over Until Monday.

THE COLLECTION OF GARBAGE.

The Councilmen Cannot Agree as to the Territory to be Covered by the Contractor.

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Council met in adjourned session for the purpose of resolving upon the necessary steps to be taken to dissolve the Jesse Yarnell injunction preventing the looting of the city's moneys. President Frankfield occupied the chair and there were present Messrs. McLain, Hamilton, Summerland, Shafer, Brown, Bonsall and Wirsching. The clerk announced the special order for the hour, but President Frankfield stated that he had learned from the Mayor that Thursday had been set as the day for a hearing, and the matter was thus disposed of for the time being.

Major Bonsall moved that when the Council adjourn, it be until Friday afternoon, at which time the injunction matter will be made the special order.

President Frankfield asked Major Bonsall to withdraw his motion, as the Mayor had stated his opinion that the Council had better adjourn until its next regular meeting, and that if a special meeting be necessary it had better be at the call of the chair.

Mr. Bonsall accordingly withdrew his motion and the matter went over, it being understood that it would be made a special order for Monday afternoon, unless a special meeting should again be called for the purpose.

Mr. Summerland's motion that all petitions in regard to the location of a bay market be referred to a special committee was carried, and the chairman appointed Messrs. Summerland, Brown and Wirsching as such committee.

Several demands which had been rejected by the Mayor because they were

demands over his head, and it had better pass them also over the Auditor's veto. On this statement the action referring the demands was reconsidered, and they were again approved.

The Council then adjourned.

SANTA MONICA.

At 12 o'clock on Sunday, February 9th, Mr. Henry M. Boehme and Miss Susie Dodge were united in marriage by the Rev. Father Howe, in the Catholic church of Santa Monica. The bride was attended by Miss Anna Sperger, governess in Mr. J. P. Jones's family, and Eugene W. Boehme, brother of the groom, acted as groomsman. After the ceremonies at the church, the bride and groom, accompanied by their friends, drove to the residence of the groom's parents on Ocean avenue.

The following guests were present: Ex-Governor Lead, daughter and grandson from Colorado; Rev. Father Howe and his three altar boys; Mr. Geo. F. C. Boehme, Jr., wife and children; Mr. and Mrs. J. Dodge and daughters, father, mother and sisters of the bride; Miss A. Collins, Mr. Kent Summerfield, Miss Callagan, Miss Mansfield and Miss Lawrence.

The wedding presents received were: The wedding and housekeeping outfit from the parents of the groom, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Boehme; a beautiful gilded card-table, Mrs. Worthington, of San Francisco; a handsome silver cake basket, Miss Sperger; toilet case, Mrs. Nelson; dessert dishes, Mrs. Geo. C. Boehme; butter dishes, a friend; carved Chinese pair, Mr. Sing Lawrence; embroidered handkerchief, Mrs. Terriotti; statue of the Blessed Virgin, with vase to match, also from Mrs. Terriotti; napkins and towels, Miss Lawrence; linen napkins, Miss Callagan; box of gloves, Miss Addie Boehme; large basket of calla lilies, Mme. Voron.

These young people are well known in Santa Monica, where they have grown up from childhood, and they have the congratulations and the good wishes of their many friends here. They left on the afternoon train for Los Angeles.

PASADENA PASSENGERS.

The following passengers departed for the north yesterday: J. D. Hooker, J. Mahoney, D. E. Con, H. T. Rodman, F. L. Blake, Mrs. M. C. Beattan, M. Bessant, Fred Cowley, Mrs. E. Sears, Miss Smith, J. C. Terry, W. G. Walker, A. H. Clark, H. Wheeler, Mr. Hooper.

LOCAL GOSSIP.

The Orange County Supervisors are Kicking.

COUNTY DIVISION EXPENSES.

An Excursion Party Arrives From the East—Matters in and about the Courts.

The Board of Supervisors of Orange county sent in some time ago to the board of Los Angeles county a remonstrance against the expenses being incurred by the joint commission on the division of the counties. This remonstrance sets forth that it was urged at the beginning that the work of division be done as speedily and cheaply as possible; that the full commission is necessary to form a quorum to do business; that the bills for December run up to \$334 for clerical services and \$411.90 for furniture; that the two Los Angeles county commissioners claim \$208 for "overseeing" the work done by their employees; that three of the members charged for salary when there were no sessions held, this amounting to \$40, and that the expenses for the whole month came to \$1,153.90.

In reply to this the Los Angeles county board made answer and said that they desire to see economy observed as much as any one could, but that there is work to be done which calls for clerical services not to be dispensed with; that the commission, being once established, becomes a body removed from the control of both Boards of Supervisors, excepting in the way of impeachment; that the work so far as it has gone has been done expeditiously and well, that all bills so far allowed by the Board of Supervisors, were duly signed by the officers of the commission, after being passed by a full board, and that an itemized bill for all the furniture was sent to the Orange county board and that the articles were necessary; that the Los Angeles county board will assume if desired the whole

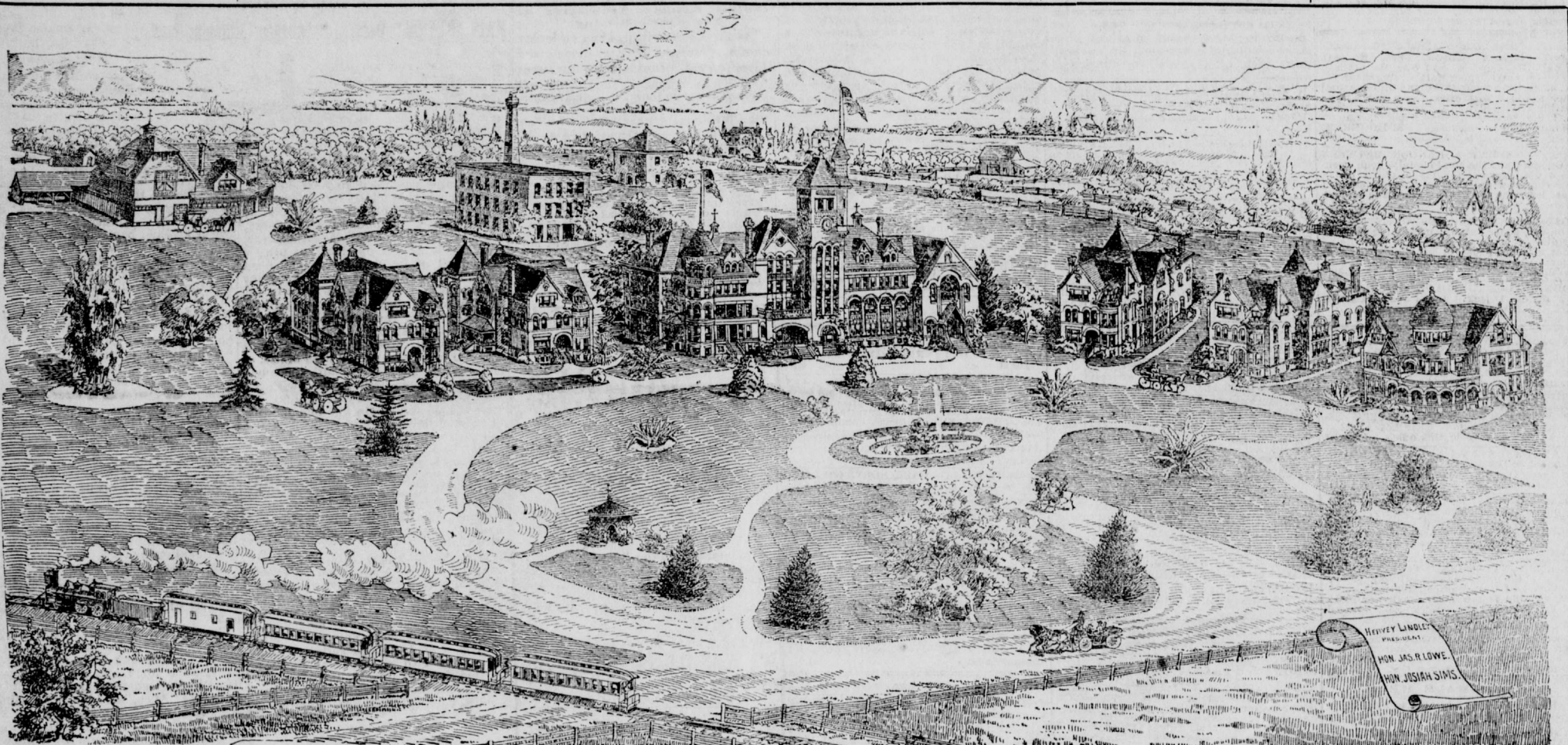
Bangor; Frank Borton, Chicago; C. J. Humphrey, G. W. Berry and wife, Boston; T. C. Upton, Chicago; Dr. H. T. Moyer, Philadelphia; F. M. Caley, wife and daughters, Pittsburg; E. M. Cady, G. F. Smith and son, Allegheny City; W. A. Newell, Boston; Mrs. L. J. Lyman, Nevada; J. E. Barnett, wife and family, Kansas City; L. P. Green, St. Joseph; C. H. Wray, Kansas City; W. L. Hubbard, wife and daughter, St. Thomas, Ontario; James McKenna, Providence; Misses Rosa and Katie Sense, Mansfield, Ohio; D. A. Glenn, Chicago; Anna Meise, Philadelphia; William McClure, Boston; William Olsson and wife, Providence; James Matthews and wife, New York; L. R. Romer, T. C. Romer, Chicago; C. J. Belling, U. S. Belling, St. Thomas; J. T. Mast and family, Albany; Ella Best, Milwaukee; Colonel A. T. Nash, Wheeling, W. Va.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Long Beach and San Pedro Railway Company was held yesterday at Los Angeles, and the following directors were elected for the ensuing year: James Campbell, H. E. Cornwall, J. W. Green, of Los Angeles; C. W. Eldridge, of San Francisco, and C. L. Stevenson, of Salt Lake City.

GROCERS AND PRODUCERS.

Arrangements Made for the Entertainment of the Excursionists.

A meeting of the joint committees recently appointed to entertain the members of the Grocers' Fruit and Produce excursion, which will visit this city next Saturday, took place yesterday afternoon at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce. The committee from the Board of Trade contains Eugene Germain, J. B. Lankershim, M. Welch, H. Jevne and Jos. E. Cook. The Chamber of Commerce committee includes Eugene Germain, L. N. Breed, General John R. Mathews, Captain A. W. Barrett and Harry W. Patton. J. B. Lankershim acted as chairman of the meeting and Mr. Patton as secretary. It was decided to appoint a larger committee on entertainment, and the following gentlemen were selected to serve: Mayor Hazard, Hervey Lindsey, A. Harris, H. W. Howell, I. W. Hellman, J. M. Elliott, H. C. Witmer, G. H. Bonebrake, W. H. Workman, J. M. C. Marble, John Bryson, Sr., A. D. Childress, E. L. Stern, Fred Lambourne, J. G. Plater, Charles



THE REFORM SCHOOL AS IT WILL BE WHEN FINISHED.

site of the School. The order of the march is as follows: First division, Masonic bodies escorting the Grand Lodge of the State, Knights of Pythias and Knights of Honor and Patriarchs Militant. Second division, National Guard, twelve companies under the command of General Johnson and staff; carriages containing Governor Waterman, ex-Governors Stoneman, Downey and Pico, and speakers of the day. Third section, civic bodies, Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade of Los Angeles, Boards of Supervisors of various counties, City Council, Mayor and city officials of Los Angeles, county officials and citizens in carriages.

Ten bands of music will take part in the parade, and the Chief of Police and thirty-two members of the force of this city will act as a guard and escort. The procession will be over a mile in length. C. C. Allen acts as Grand Marshal of the Day.

After the procession has reached the site of the building, the programme will be carried out as follows:

Music by the band; prayer, Rt. Rev. H. A. Neely, Bishop of Maine; music, Whittier chorus, under the leadership of Chas. E. Day; remarks, Hervey Lindsey, president of the Board of Trustees; remarks, Hon. Enoch Knight, President of the Day; address, Hon. R. W. Waterman, Governor of California; address, Hon. Josiah Sims, member of the Board of Trustees; music, Whittier chorus; address, Hon. W. C. Hendricks, Secretary of State; address, Hon. Stephen M. White, Lieutenant-Governor of California; address, Hon. James M. Dameron, who introduced the bill which became a law establishing the Reform School; address, Hon. W. F. Fitzgerald, of Los Angeles; laying of the corner-stone, by the Grand Master of Masons of California; music, Whittier chorus.

It is planned that the procession and the programme will occupy about an hour and a half. The prescribed limit of time for each of the speakers is ten minutes. After the ceremonies are concluded dinner will be served. The people of Los Nietos valley have arranged a grand barbecue, to which all visitors are invited. There will be room at the tables for 1,400 people at one sitting, but the military will be fed at the first table. The menu consists of coffee, sandwiches, beans and barbecued meats. Every effort will be made to serve all who are there, but as the attendance may be larger than anticipated, the management

clerks' room, officers' dining room and parlor.

The second floor will contain trustees' room, superintendent's room, large school room, tailor shop, chambers for the officers, bath room and lavatory.

The third floor will contain a recreation room, band room, store rooms, chambers, bath room, lavatory and dormitories.

The fourth floor contains the hospital, sitting room, nurses' room, bath room, lavatory, store rooms for boys' clothing, dormitories, and seven iron cells for refractory boys.

Leading from the ground floor are two large staircases, and opposite the front entrance is an elevator. In the tower, 145 feet above the basement, are four large tanks to contain the water supply for all the buildings. The building will be lighted with incandescent lamps and will be heated with steam. The ventilation system is perfect.

The superintendent's residence is a very neat house, containing eight rooms, with bath and large porch.

The barn, which was built some time ago, is one of the best in the State.

The factory will be 50x100 and will contain an engine room, with chimney 100 feet high, boiler room and shops.

Architect R. B. Young designed the buildings, and A. W. Mackay and J. M. Skinner are the contractors.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

Chas. E. Gilmer, a native of Massachusetts, of Pasadena, aged 34, to Sarah A. Morrison, a native of Kansas, of San Diego, aged 25.

Thos. Wm. Spier, a native of England, of this city, aged 24, to Alice White, a native of England, of this city, aged 24.

C. E. Wood, a native of Iowa, of Compton, aged 24, to Alva Sanderson, a native of Missouri, of South Pasadena, aged 19.

F. J. Murphy, a native of Kentucky, of Pomona, aged 29, to Amelia Osterlud, a native of Norway, of Pomona, aged 24.

Patrick Sandner, a native of Ireland, of this city, aged 30, to Hannah Condon, a native of Ireland, of this city, aged 22.

Gabriel T. Switzer, a native of Virginia, of San Bernardino, aged 37, to Nellie Garham, a native of California, of Pomona, aged 21.

not covered by ordinance, were approved as new demands, the Mayor having intimated that he had no objection to signing the same.

The Donegan garbage contract was brought up for discussion, and a prolonged discussion ensued, during which Messrs. Bonsall and McLain exchanged views on the subject.

Several immaterial amendments were offered and Messrs. Bonsall and Shafer insisted on the word "district" being struck out, but they were all voted down. Mr. Donegan made a brief statement in which he defined a dwelling house as any place where people resided, whether a cottage or a room in a four-story building. The City Attorney expressed a hope that the councilmen would soon make up their minds as to what they were going to do, as he had already written the contract five times, and although he was willing to do so again as often as required, he could not see the necessity of it. A lengthy discussion followed, and Mr. Summerland moved its approval, but on calling the roll, the contract was rejected by a vote of 5 to 3. Mr. Hamilton explained his views of the question at some length and the matter was dropped.

The following letter was received from City Auditor Lopez:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith return the demand on the old city hall snapper, for the reason that there is no contract or ordinance authorizing these expenditures, as required by Sec. 207 of the charter of the city of Los Angeles. I have examined the demands and believe them to be correct and just, but as the question has been raised as to the illegality of these expenditures, I cannot audit the demands under the circumstances, and thereby take upon myself the responsibility of the payment of this money.

After another lengthy discussion the clerk was instructed to draw up an ordinance to cover the case.

The garbage question again cropped up and was considered at some length, the matter being finally shelved until the next meeting.

Clerk Teed interrupted the discussion with the statement that he had sent to the Mayor with a view of ascertaining what ordinance he required to cover the case of the old city hall demands, and that the Mayor replied he did not know exactly, as the Council had passed the

THE CITY MONEY.

An Answer Filed in the Action to Enjoin.

The answer in the case of Jesse Yarnell against Mayor Hazard and the Council was filed yesterday. It sets forth that the bond of the City Treasurer is but \$150,000 and that the money in his hands amounts to \$328,883.97; that the bond required of the City Bank is \$512,000, which is executed and ready for delivery to the city; that of the \$328,883.97 in the hands of the Treasurer is distributed as follows: \$80,535 in the California Bank, \$60,000 in the Southern California National Bank, and \$188,348.97 in other banks, for the use of which money the city receives no interest; that plaintiff is a stockholder in the California Bank and interested in preventing said funds from being deposited under contract; that L. M. Breed, a surety on plaintiff's bond, is the president of the Southern California National Bank and is also interested in preventing the carrying out of the contract; that F. J. Weldon, the other surety, is cashier of the California Bank. It is denied that plaintiff, as the City Treasurer's bondsman, will be liable for the safe keeping of the public money, and it is alleged that by virtue of the restraining order the city is losing the interest on its funds, wherefore the defendants pray that the order be vacated.

The Sheriff Got the Horses.

Recently a team of horses was stolen from the ranch of F. Peña, near Glendale, and the Sheriff's office has been hunting for the horses ever since. They were recovered yesterday in a mountain cañon near San Fernando, where they had been abandoned. Another horse stolen some time ago from San Jacinto, belonging to Rev. A. H. Hough, has also been recovered through the instrumentality of the Sheriff's office.

New Cases.

M. McGreal sues Sherman Powell and others, of Powell & Haskell, for \$20,000 damages for false arrest charging him with petit larceny.

Ira Phillips sues Miss C. J. Jeraback to foreclose a mortgage for \$4,500.

The Holiness Band of Los Angeles asks permission to change their name to the First Holiness Church of Los Angeles.

of the bill for furniture and take the goods as its own; that the division of the county was not of Los Angeles's seeking, but was a matter forced upon her by the people of Orange; that it was perhaps an unwise liberality on the part of the Los Angeles board to pay all the bills in advance out of consideration for the lack of funds existing in Orange county.

IN THE COURTS.

Ed Schultz Gets One Year for Burglary.

Ed Schultz came up for trial yesterday in Department 1 of the Superior Court. He was charged with the burglary of Theo. Lindenfeld's saloon, on the corner of Main and Third streets, on the 17th of January last. He was committed by Justice Stanton, whose court was declared illegal by the Supreme Court. Yesterday he was allowed to withdraw his plea of not guilty. The information against him was then dismissed, and he was at once taken before a valid committing court and recommitted. His trial then proceeded and he was found guilty, and waiving time, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary at Folsom.

Hermann Voght, a native of Germany, has been admitted to citizenship.

Fritz Frank, a native of Bavaria, has been admitted to citizenship.

In the case of Slauon against Los Angeles county and others for \$13,500, an interlocutory decree was entered committing the county to pay the claim within sixty days.

In the United States District Court, there being an error committed in drawing the late venire of jurors, it was ordered that these be discharged and a new venire drawn, returnable on March 3d.

THE RAILROADS.

A Warner Excursion Arrives—A Meeting of Stockholders.

The following visitors arrived from Boston, New York and Eastern points yesterday morning in a Warner excursion:

Mrs. L. H. Irwin, Mrs. D. E. Foster, R. H. Howard, New York; Mrs. G. D. Turner and daughter, Chicago; E. F. Duval, Benton Harbor; Mrs. Heyward and family, Chicago; E. B. Randall, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Brewer,

Forman, J. C. Robinson, W. J. Brodbeck, T. E. Rowan, C. H. Dunsen, Dr. J. H. Bryant, S. M. Perry, J. T. Sheward, H. Newmark, H. J. Woolcott, H. Z. Osborne, J. J. Ayers, H. G. Otis, H. H. Boyce, E. P. Johnson, E. A. Forrester, A. H. Denker, L. T. Guernsey, J. Frankfield, S. B. Lewis, E. M. Ross, C. E. Thom, and Judges Van Dyke, Checco, Clark, Wade, Shaw and McKinley.

This committee was called to meet next Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

Captain Barrett was made a committee of one to confer with the railroad. The secretary was instructed to confer with citizens of Pasadena, Santa Monica and Arcadia with regard to excursions to those places. The party to the number of 75 will arrive here Saturday noon and will remain until Monday, when they will depart for the North. On Sunday the excursion to outside towns will take place and Monday the visitors will be driven about the city. Citizens who have carriages and who would like to assist in the entertainment are requested to confer with the secretary of the Chamber.

The committee adjourned to meet with the large committee on Thursday morning.

Citrus Fair.

Monday evening the Alhambra people held a largely attended meeting and decided to enter their fruit at the Citrus Fair. A number of ladies were present and they were represented on the committee which was appointed. It consisted of Miss A. C. Weeks, G. B. Adams, Mr. Blackburn, Mrs. March, Mrs. English and Miss Stoneman. This committee will plan and attend to the exhibit.

ST. JACOBS OIL CURES PERMANENTLY BURNS AND SCALDS.

Two Cures—One Bottle. Middle Amana, Ia., Aug. 15, 1888. I burned my leg with scalding water and had sprained ankle at same time; when they cured both with one bottle of St. Jacobs Oil. JOHN HEINEMANN.

One Application Cured. Pilot Grove, Mo., Aug. 15, 1888. I burned my arm severely in 1888, which was cured promptly by one application of St. Jacobs Oil. MRS. NANCY ARMSTRONG. AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

THE MORMON DEFEAT.

The Saints Resigned to Their Fate.

POPULAR EXCITEMENT SUBSIDED

Comment of the Mormon Press—A Statement by President Woodruff.

Associated Press Dispatches to the HERALD.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, February 11.—Everything in Salt Lake is quiet today; business has resumed its normal condition, and were it not for the decorations upon the houses of Gentile citizens, there would be no indications of the great political battle which closed last night.

THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.

The official returns of yesterday's election, received this morning, give George M. Scott (Gentile), for Mayor, a majority of 809; Louis Hyams (Gentile), Recorder, 539; J. B. Walden, (Gentile), Treasurer, 659; E. R. Clute, (Gentile, Assessor, 469; J. M. Young (Gentile), Marshal, 773. The remainder of the Gentile ticket, including fifteen Councilmen, is elected by a majority ranging from 300 to 400. This gives them control of the municipal Council for the first time in the history of the city.

WHAT THE MORMONS' ORGAN SAYS.

Dismissing yesterday's contest, the *Herald*, the organ of the People's party and Mormon church, says: "The votes have been cast and counted, and the result announced. We are heartily glad election day is gone, and with the people generally, hope never to see another such campaign. Most sincerely do we hope that another such election will never be held in this city, or any other in this Territory. On their face the returns show a majority for the Liberal ticket, and a majority that will astonish all who are not familiar with the methods practiced by that organization. We don't believe there is an intelligent, honest man on the committee who thinks for a moment that the Liberals have any such number of legal voters as cast ballots for their ticket Monday. We do believe, there rarely, if ever, as a more crooked election; certainly nothing like it ever occurred hereabouts. We do believe that the People have the most lawful voters, and that a fair square showing would demonstrate this to the satisfaction of everybody. Fraud, illegal registering, disfranchisement of legal Mormon voters and flim-flamming were practiced by the Liberals openly and without opposition, and by these means only have they carried the day. It was unquestionably a crooked election. To what extent the crookedness was carried we do not pretend to say, and the whole truth never will be known. The Liberals got a majority of the votes as they set out to do last summer, but now that the campaign is ended, and the election over, unsatisfactory as the result is to the People's party, no member of that party must forget that the citizens of Salt Lake more than ever are interested in the welfare of this city, and harder than ever must we pull for the general good of the grand municipality. Yesterday's work may be annoying, but is not discouraging, and is in no sense disheartening. We must see to it that Salt Lake does not suffer from it, and also that there shall be put on the city nothing to check her growth or retard her progress."

ANOTHER MORMON MAIL.

The *Deseret News* says editorially: "The municipal election of this city was carried by the Liberals (Gentiles) yesterday by a majority of 800. The processes by which this result was reached are notorious. The successful party, in whose hands under the Edmunds law was the entire manipulation of the election business, ran special trains over the Rio Grande Western railway and registered gangs of men clear to the Colorado line, who had not the qualifications of electors, being non-residents. After the lists were made up, fully one-half of the People's registered voters were challenged by citation to appear before the Registrar and show cause why their names should not be stricken off. The names of those who failed from any cause to appear were removed from the lists. Others who had been polygamists, but are not now, were treated similarly, in contradiction of the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States. Yesterday others who had never been notified, found when they appeared at the polls that their names had been arbitrarily removed from the Registrar's list without even a challenge. At the voting places all Liberals challenged for cause were permitted to swear their votes, while in two of the precincts, at least, not one of the challenged members of the People's party were permitted to do this. In former elections the polls of the Second precinct, the largest in the city, were established at the county court house. This time they were placed at the Continental hotel, which is conducted and controlled by the business partner of the Liberal candidate for Mayor. It is understood that the change was made to facilitate Liberal personation. Had it not been for such dishonest methods the People's party would have carried the city by a majority of at least 500. There is a large mass of evidence, largely in the form of affidavits, which proves the truth of the foregoing statements. The People's committee have not yet determined whether or not they will contest the election in the courts. The great majority of the People feel that they have been shamefully robbed of their rights."

PRESIDENT WOODRUFF'S STATEMENT.

President Woodruff, the head of the Mormon church, today gave to the Associated Press the only statement he has ever made upon the political fight which has just ended here. His interview, as follows, can be understood as the feeling of every Mormon in the Territory: "President Woodruff, I would like to get your views as to the political campaign here and the questions at issue." "Well, sir, I consider this as something more than a mere question of what men shall compose the city government, and what party they belong to. There is a deep-laid scheme to deprive the Mormon people of all political rights and privileges, so that the minority here shall control the Territory. They cannot do this by fair means, so they resort to foul. By misrepresentation and taking advantage of the popular prejudice against the Mormons, founded chiefly in ignorance, they succeeded in securing the disfranchisement of the older settlers who made the country, and then of all the women. This not giving these schemers a majority, they have sought other means. The Edmunds-Tucker act has helped

them somewhat, but the test oath it provides can be taken by the majority at least as well as by their opponents. Now they want every Mormon deprived of the right to vote and hold office, no matter how good and law-abiding a citizen he may be. At the Ogden election, a year ago, a large number of names of resident voters were stricken from the registration lists; hundreds of non-residents were imported, and the election was carried by the Liberals by open fraud. Since then, by fictitious valuations, the assessments of property have been raised from three to five times the former amounts of taxes. Vice has flourished, official salaries have been raised, public improvements have not advanced, and the change is deplored by the best people of both parties. Boasts were made after the Ogden election that Salt Lake would be the next point of attack and that it would be carried by similar means. The result proves that that boast was not made in vain. I consider that the election has been gained here by striking from the registration lists hundreds of legally qualified citizens, and by the votes of non-resident voters, and by the votes of non-lawful citizens. I regard the action of the registrars, their sitting as a court to judge of their own acts, and the whole course pursued, as part of a scheme to capture the city at all hazards. I view it with profound regret as a prostitution of law and official power that should sadden every lover of fair play and the welfare of his country."

"What effect will this change have upon the church and the People's party?" "Oh, as to that, I cannot see that the church will be in any way affected as an organization; it is entirely separate and apart from political matters. The members of the church belong to the People's party, and they will naturally feel that they have been robbed of their rights at the polls. But I presume that will not affect their political views or status. The church was not in the campaign, and the result will have no bearing upon it at all that I can see."

"What will be the future policy of the church?" "So far as I know, it will be to preach the gospel to all the world, instruct its members in their religious duties, and move forward to its divinely-ordained destination as the actual living church of Christ."

"Is there any probability of the Mormon church or people removing to Mexico or elsewhere?" "None that I know of. I do not see any necessity of such a removal. Individual members may go where they choose to better their condition, but there is not, nor never has been, any contemplation of any such exodus as you ask about."

"What is the Mormon idea of its rule as a kingdom of God?" "It is this. We hold that this church was set up and organized by command of the Almighty; that it has the right to formulate and maintain rules of church discipline, applying only to its own body, and that the extent of its punitive powers is the excommunication of the transgressor; that it has no power to punish any one by deprivation of life, liberty or property, or personal injury in any form; that the Government should not regulate the church, nor the church seek to control the State; that all men should be politically free and equal—free to vote as they please and to sustain what policies they please, so that they do not infringe upon the rights of others. We believe this church will prepare the way for the coming of Christ to reign as King, and that this church will then develop into the Kingdom of God, which all Christians pray will come, that the will of God may be done on earth as it is in heaven. We believe in the full and free agency of man, and that when that kingdom is established there will be perfect liberty on earth, civil, political and religious."

"Then you do not feel gloomy as to the ultimate result of this election?" "No; I believe taxes will be raised; that there will be such a loosening of restraint imposed upon immorality, and such a striking contrast formed under Liberal rule to the order, honor, honesty and consistent progress of the city under the People's regime, that, as in Ogden, the more respectable people of all classes will soon desire a return to former methods. The plotters against the majority will probably be emboldened to pursue their plans for the destruction of republican government in the Territory, but I should be sorry to believe that Congress or the country will proceed to such unconstitutional and infamous extremities as those that will be proposed. In any event there is a power superior to all men who will rule over all things that happen for the good of those who serve him."

President Woodruff appeared to be in good health and not in the least worried over the result of the election. He is now in his eighty-third year, and apparently as strong and well preserved as the ordinary man of fifty.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Gard's and Cole's Appointments Confirmed by the Senate. WASHINGTON, February 11.—Senator Chandler has prepared a bill to regulate immigration to the United States, which is a voluminous and comprehensive measure, and intended to include the best features of the various bills now pending.

Representative Cannon says the resolution submitted in the House today by Springer to close the debate on the new code of rules on Friday, was the first proposition from the Democrats, and was entirely acceptable to him and to the Republican side.

The House committee on elections by a party vote decided to recommend that the House unseat Pendleton and seat Atkinson as the Representative from the First West Virginia District.

For an hour and a half this afternoon the Senate in executive session listened to speeches in opposition to the confirmation of the nominations of Morgan to be Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and Dorchester to be Superintendent of Indian Schools. A vote will probably be taken at the next executive session.

CONFIRMATIONS. Robert Adams, Jr., Pennsylvania, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States of Brazil (now credited to the Empire of Brazil).

United States Attorneys—Benjamin F. Fowler, Wyoming; W. Cole, Southern District of California.

United States Marshals—George E. Gard, Southern District of California; T. Romero, for New Mexico.

Carnegie's Gift.

ALLEGHENY CITY, Pa., February 11.—The doors of the Carnegie \$300,000 free library were opened to the public this afternoon, and the magnificent structure was inspected by thousands of people. The formal dedicatory services will be held Thursday, when it is hoped President Harrison will be present.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AT THE CAPITAL.

The Discussion of House Rules Continued.

NEW SENATE BILLS INTRODUCED.

Appointments of Gard and Cole Confirmed—Other Public Affairs.

Associated Press Dispatches to THE HERALD.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—In the House this morning a quorum was counted as usual by the Speaker, on the vote to approve the journal.

Cannon, of Illinois, called up the proposed code of rules, and offered a resolution providing that the general debate close at 1 o'clock tomorrow, and that the previous question should be considered and ordered at 4 o'clock tomorrow. Vigorous protests against cutting off the discussion in such short order were made by the Democrats. Cannon demanded the previous question, but the House would not sustain his demand, and many Republicans voting against it, the demand was rejected, 58 to 149.

Springer offered a resolution providing that the general debate proceed until adjournment tomorrow afternoon, after which the code shall be considered under the five-minute rule, till five o'clock Friday, when the previous question should be considered. So ordered.

Adopted without objection. Grosvenor took the floor and spoke for the new code. In his opinion the rights of the minority were ended when the majority expressed its opposition to a measure, recorded the votes against it and protested to the country. The proposed rules, instead of vesting the power in the Speaker, would prevent the one-man power from ruling over the House as had been the case in the Forty-ninth and Fiftieth Congresses, when the Speaker had declined to recognize motions for the passage of the Tobacco Tax bill, the Blair Educational bill and General Pension bills. The Democrats were here today to obstruct legislation. The whole purpose of the Democratic party

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THE SENATE.

Some New Bills Introduced and Other Business Transacted.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—In the Senate today Hoar introduced a bill to prescribe in part, the manner of the election of members of Congress. Referred to the committee on privileges and elections. It provides that in all the States of the Union representatives to Congress shall be elected in and for the districts now prescribed by law, until a new apportionment of Representatives shall be made by Congress according to the census to be taken in 1890, any law of such State heretofore to be passed to the contrary notwithstanding. Hoar stated that fears had been expressed in various quarters that there would be an attempt to make new Representative districts to take effect at the next election, and to gerrymander some States in the interest of one or the other political party before the next census.

The Senate took up the bill to provide a temporary government for Oklahoma; the pending question was the amendment offered yesterday by Plum to comprise No Man's Land within the limits of the proposed Territory. After a lengthy discussion the bill was over until tomorrow without action on the amendment.

The Senate bill for the relief of certain settlers on public lands was passed. It provides for legalizing land claims filed during vacancy in land offices.

Blair then resumed his address on his educational bill, but the Senate soon went into executive session and then adjourned.

Among the bills introduced and referred was the following:

By Edmunds—Establishing a public school system in Utah; also, providing for the inspection of meals for exportation, prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food or drink, and authorizing the President to make a proclamation in certain cases.

By Pierce—To create an Agricultural Commission to investigate the present depressed condition of the agricultural interests of the country.

The Missouri Crusaders.

LATEPOT, Mo., February 10.—At a mass meeting this afternoon, resolutions were adopted endorsing the course of

action pursued by the women, and assuring them that they would in future have the moral and financial support of the citizens of the country. While the meeting was in progress, the announcement was made from the platform that one of the sufferers by the raid had warrants sworn out for forty-five women and nine men who participated in the raid. Rev. Pierce denounced the violators of the law and officers who would dare to arrest the women, and said that when they (the officers) should have plucked the feathers from their bodies, the women would be ready to undergo their punishment, intimating that the officers would be treated to tar and feathers should they attempt to make arrests.

CHIPPEWA LANDS.

Another Chance for Boomers in the Near Future.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The President now has under consideration the agreement recently entered into between the Commissioners of the Government and the Chippewa Indians for the cession of a part of their reservation in Minnesota. The ceded lands aggregate about three and a half million acres, and it is expected that the President will announce the approval of the agreement within the next few days. The reservation, however, will not be opened to settlement before late in the coming summer, as the whole tract must first be surveyed and appraised. The timber lands will be appraised upon the basis of the amount, quality and value of the timber on each quarter section.

BALLOT-BOX INQUIRY.

The Cross-Examination of Lawyer Hadden Continued.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The cross-examination of Lewis Hadden was continued today by the ballot-box committee today at length. He admitted having paid sums of money aggregating about two hundred dollars to Mrs. Wood who came to him with letters from her husband. This money he procured from Dr. Graydon, who was looking after the interests of the party in Hamilton county. He said T. C. Hamilton's statement that he had never shown witness a paper with signatures on was false. Witness did not know there was anything but names on the paper. He did not tell Forsaker there was a contract in existence, but that he believed there was written evidence.

THE FIRE COMMISSION.

Routine Business Transacted at Yesterday's Meeting.

The Fire Commissioners met yesterday morning, Messrs. Kuhrt, Lovell and Moore present. The claim of the Baker Iron Works against John Hughes was referred to the Chief for investigation. It was reported that engine house No. 3 could be rented for \$100 per month, but action was postponed for a week. The clerk was instructed to have 300 copies of the rules printed.

A request from a contractor to be allowed to make some changes in a building on First street was denied, as it was against the ordinance in force. The application of H. C. Wyatt to be allowed to put a sign on his building was referred to building inspector Macchione. Messrs. Keefe and Moore were appointed a committee to revise the fire ordinance so as to prevent the storage of inflammable oils and explosives within the fire limits. A fire plug was ordered placed at the corner of Fifth and Pearl streets.

Something Good.

Choice acre property in the Lick tract, Eagle Rock valley and East San Gabriel at low prices. Inquire of C. E. Day, 8 North Spring street.

Our Home Brew.

Philadelphia Lager, fresh from the brewery, in draught in all the principal saloons, delivered promptly in bottles or kegs. Office and Brewery, 235 Aliso street. Telephone 91.

Harris, the Hatter And gent's furnisher, 204 S. Spring st., opposite the Hollenbeck.

Harris, the Hatter And gent's furnisher, 204 S. Spring st., opposite the Hollenbeck.

The Finest Turkish Baths On the Coast are at the Hammam, 124 South Main street.

Do you want a bargain in second-hand pianos? You will find two of them at C. E. Day's music store, 8 North Spring street.

Spring Styles Silk Hats At Harris' the hatter and gent's furnisher, 204 South Spring street.

The Best \$1 White Shirts At Harris' the hatter and gent's furnisher, 204 South Spring street.

Spring Styles Silk Hats At Harris' the hatter and gent's furnisher, 204 South Spring street.

Use "German Family" soap.

NOT A PIMPLE ON BABY

Baby one year old. Had with Eczema. Hair all gone. Scalp covered with eruptions. Cuticura. Hair splendid and not a pimple on him.

CURED BY CUTICURA.

I cannot say enough in praise of the CUTICURA REMEDY. My boy, when one year of age, was so bad with eczema that he lost all of his hair. His skin was covered with eruptions and the doctors said was scall-head, and that his hair would never grow again. Despairing of a cure from physicians, I bent the knee and used the CUTICURA REMEDY, and I am happy today, with the most perfect success. His hair is now as thick and there is not a pimple on him. I recommend the CUTICURA REMEDY to mothers as the most speedy, economical, and sure cure for all eruptions of the skin in infants and children, and feel that every mother who has an afflicted child will thank me for so doing.

MRS. M. E. WOODSDUM, Norway, Mo.

FEVER SOME EIGHT YEARS.

I must extend to you the thanks of one of my customers who has been cured by using the CUTICURA REMEDY of an old sore caused by a long spell of sickness or fever eight years ago. He was so bad he was fearful he would have to have his leg amputated, but is happy to say he is now entirely well—sound as a dollar. He requests me to use his name, which is H. H. O'CONNOR, merchant.

JOHN V. MINOR, Druggist, Galveston, Texas.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDY for years, and have the first complaint yet received from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of eczema I ever saw was cured by them. TYLOR & TYLOR, Frankfort, Conn.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT The Best Blood and Skin Purifier and purer and best of Humor Remedies, internally, and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, speedily, permanently and economically cure every disease and humor of the skin, scalp and blood, with less of hair, whether itching, burning, scaly, pimply, scrofulous, or hereditary, when all other remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. Prepared by the FOTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.

EVERY MUSCLE ACHES Sharp Aches, Ball Pains, Strains and Weakness relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA Anti-Pain Plaster. The Plaster instantly kills pain—killing, strengthening plaster. 25 cents.

For sale at all first-class coal yards. General Office, 21 North Spring Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Baking Powder Stands at the Head

For Purity, Strength and Effectiveness

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, 1889,

THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT, 1889,

Reports AMMONIA in the Royal

Baking Powder, while Dr. Price's

Cream is free from Alum and Am-

monia, and all drug taints.

MENIER CHOCOLATE

Paris Exposition, 1889 3 GRAND PRIZES, 5 GOLD MEDALS.

LARGEST CHOCOLATE MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD

YEARLY SALE EXCEEDS 30,000,000 POUNDS.

PUREST, HEALTHIEST AND BEST.

Ask for YELLOW WRAPPER Menier Chocolates and take no others.

For Sale Everywhere.

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We Dry our Clothes by Steam.

Rain does not Interfere

with Drying.

Collars and Cuffs and Fine Linen

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Clothes Mended and Buttons Sewed on.

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CHOICE ORANGE LANDS!

AT THE FOOTHILLS IN AZUSA.

We are now SUBDIVIDING one of the choicest 180-ACRE RANCHES in the ORANGE BELT into 10-ACRE TRACTS, to place on the market at present bedrock terms and prices:

Only \$150 per acre, or One-fourth Cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years

We can show you orchards in Azusa where the oranges sold this year for \$70 per acre, from trees three years planted, and others from \$400 to \$500 per acre, according to age. This lovely valley of about 8,000 acres, under the water ditches of the San Gabriel river, is at the altitude just above the frost, fog, smut and scale, making it one of the healthiest as well as the most productive for all purposes of any part of southern California.

Situated on the Santa Fe railroad, 23 miles from Los Angeles, where the river first leaves the mountains, giving this valley a full and never-failing supply of pure water, standing the test of the driest seasons. It being also the head of the San Gabriel valley, it is not far enough in the interior to place it beyond the force of the delightful summer breezes from the ocean.

We also have some improved places in Azusa.

HUMPHREYS & RIGGIN,

20 South Spring Street.

ja28-1m

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

I am selling out my entire stock of

Guns, Winchester Rifles

AND REVOLVERS

AT COST. NO HUMBUG.

H. B. ADAMS,

Sportsmen's Emporium, 18 Commercial Street,

LOS ANGELES, CAL. ja15 1m

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NEW MEXICO COAL COM'Y

Miners and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Gallup, Aztec, Sunshine, and Oerrillos coal. All kinds of coal constantly in stock, also Coke, Charcoal and Wood. We mine our own coal and handle it direct to the consumer. No middle-men. Full weights guaranteed. Positively the best domestic coal in the market. Get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Now is the time to contract your winter fuel.

CHAS. A. MARRINER, Gen'l Manager.

City Office, Hotel Nadeau. Telephone 855.

Yard, Corner East First street and Santa Fe avenue, Los Angeles, Cal. ja15 1m

JOE BAYER & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

WINE and LIQUOR

MERCHANTS,

29 NORTH MAIN ST. Telephone 38.

THE BEST DOMESTIC COAL

IN THE

MARKET.

Ask for

No Other.

FOR SALE AT ALL FIRST-CLASS COAL YARDS.

DAILY HERALD.

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1890.

The Republican Party of Brazil. Tardily and ungraciously Mr. Harrison is at last making up his mind to reach out a hand of encouragement to the Republic of Brazil. He ought to have done it long ago, and it is a rather queer outcome of all Mr. Blaine's great jingoism that it was not done on the first proclamation of a free government in the only monarchy on this continent—Canada is merely a vice-regal satrapy of Great Britain.

It has been difficult to get accurate information of the popular movement in Brazil which resulted in the dethronement of perhaps the most humane and philosophic monarch of this time. The distance, the infrequency of communication, and the channels through which information comes from that country create this difficulty. The impression prevailed in many quarters that Dom Pedro lost his crown and throne because he had given the slaves their liberty. Other impressions to the disadvantage of the Republican party in Brazil gained currency.

There has been recently in New York city a Brazilian peculiarly fitted to speak for his country. This person was Quintino Bocayuva, Minister of Exterior Affairs and the leading newspaper editor in his country. He has for a long time been the intimate friend of Joaquim Salidha Marinho, who is recognized as the oldest and most influential advocate of republicanism in Brazil. During the visit of this distinguished South American in New York, the World of that city interviewed him in relation to the affairs of his country. Here is a part of what Bocayuva said:

"Many persons who are not conversant with the facts entertain the belief that the recent revolution in Brazil had for its chief cause the abolition of slavery. Before the subject of freeing the slaves was ever broached, the establishment of a republic in Brazil was talked of. The republicans urged it in 1821, and paid the penalty for doing so with his life. In 1870 the establishment of a republic was suggested by the Republican Club of Rio Janeiro.

"The freeing of the slaves was caused by the Republican party, which suffered the greatest abuse for urging this measure. The army was on our side, and joined in raising the 'grito' or cry of freedom. Its sympathy was with us, and when the slaves were ordered to one of the interior provinces in 1889 to assist in capturing escaped slaves, they refused to go. The money set aside by the monarchy to purchase a certain number of slaves each year from their owners was used to repay monarchists for their slaves, while at the same time the monarchists victoriously drew public attention to the fact that they were freeing the slaves." Republicans demanded of the monarchial Government that the slaves should be freed, and it was by force of the popular demand that the monarchy gave the slaves their freedom, not through the benevolence or natural wish of the Government.

"Dom Pedro was regarded as a very kind and thoughtful man. He made a good Emperor, but he had great vanity. When traveling throughout Europe or in the United States he was very democratic in his actions, but as soon as he returned to Brazil he became a monarchist once more. An estimable man personally, he lived only for himself and his family. The Princess, who was completely under the power of the Jesuit priests, was most unpopular, and could never have ascended the throne without causing a bloody revolution in Brazil."

The Brazilian Minister spoke with great feeling, but with bitter disappointment, of the failure of the United States to recognize the Provisional Government of the new republic. He said the Republican party in his country had been most friendly to the United States, and urged sending delegates to the Congress of the Americas, while all the monarchial press opposed doing this. Editor Bocayuva seems to have been thinking and to have arrived at conclusions as to the future of his country. He says:

"I would gladly see a treaty made between the countries which will increase trade and result in a benefit to both, but what I especially desire is the forming of an offensive and defensive alliance between my country and the United States, whereby each will assist the other against extensions of a foreign power and help the development of each other. I also favor the consideration of tariff measures whereby both countries may profit to greater advantage than is now the case. That the establishment of such a treaty would be mutually advantageous I have not the least doubt. No delegates will be sent by Brazil to the United States for the purpose of conferring upon the subject, but I expect to send instructions soon concerning this question to Senhor Salvalore Mendonca, the Brazilian Consul-General at New York, and he will be given power to confer with the Government at Washington."

The sale of an eighteen-acre prune orchard, at Pomona, for \$15,000 is a pretty conclusive argument in favor of putting a fairly high price on semi-tropic lands. It is just as well not to force values to too exalted a plane, but the fact is lands hereabouts pay such unusual profits when properly cultivated that the parity of values ruling in other parts of the country cut no figure in making estimates here. There is no parallel between our lands and those of any other section of country. The question is one of merit—what sum will the products pay interest on?

SPEAKER REED'S mistake is sufficiently apparent in his own attempts to justify his revolutionary course. He seeks for precedents to justify him, but where does he find them? Are they numerous and ready to his hand? Are they discoverable in the rulings of all, of many, of

any, of his predecessors in office? None of these things are true. He ransacks the history of Congress from Muhlberg to himself and finds no act of any Speaker at all like the high-handed and autocratic methods he pursues. He turns then to the acts of the presiding officers of State Legislatures and in them all, in all the centuries of the Republic's existence, he finds no lonely precedents for his course. He finds no precedent for his course in a New York Legislature, and in a Tennessee Legislature, and in a Wisconsin Legislature, and in a country to justify his history of the usurping dictator of a day. It is all right in the Congress. Every dog even has his day. Let little Reed have his.

THE proof of where the true citrus section of California lies is the result reached. And we insist that ours is a citrus district and not a "belt." From this section there will be shipped this season 3,300 carloads of oranges. Each car holds, say, 300 boxes, which is an under-estimate, for many of them carry 360 boxes. The boxes will average 150 to 175 oranges to the box, each box being about two feet long by one foot wide by a foot and a half high. Now let us see. Three thousand three hundred carloads at 300 boxes to the car will give us 990,000 or nearly 1,000,000 boxes. Let us take the round number, for it will reach that. One million boxes at let us say 160 to the box will give us 160,000,000 of the fruit. The boxes each occupy 3 cubic feet, and the whole number of boxes would occupy 3,000,000 cubic feet. A building a hundred feet long, a hundred feet wide and a hundred feet high would not nearly hold all this fruit. If the building is reduced to twenty feet in height, it must be 500 feet long to come anywhere near holding it all. If the building is reduced to fifty feet in width then it must be made 1,000 feet long. If the oranges were stretched out in a row they would make a line 7,000 miles long. They had a fair up in the northern part of the State, to make which they gathered all the oranges in the section, and put them on a few tables in under a little tent. From Los Angeles there went into that country a dozen years ago 100,000 orange trees. Where is the crop from them? It all went on a few tables in a little tent. Where are the trees? Go and find them if you can. They are all frozen to the roots and the roots are dead. Other crops of other fruit or of grain are growing on the land.

FIFTY-EIGHT killings and two hangings in the Bay City is not the true proportion that these things should have to each other. So long as the vagabond, hoodlum, immoral and vicious elements of society are permitted to go about the streets armed like brigands, and so long as the slash of their murderous knives and the crack of their deadly pistols go unwhipped of even-handed justice, just so long will the murderous knife and deadly pistol continue to be used. To be sure, the victim's illegal taking off is too often the opposite of a loss to society, but so would it be with the legal taking off of the killer. Then once in a while the life of a valuable citizen is sacrificed to the cowardly vengeance of this vicious gang. Let but the sword of fearless justice flame over the heads of these ruffians and they will in a moment become less subject to the "emotional insanity" of ungoverned passion, and they will promptly take thought for the keeping of their skins whole and their necks out of a noose. But it is difficult to get an elective judiciary to deal severely with its constituents.

HENRY GEORGE is gone to Australia to teach his single-tax doctrine. If there ever was a place where his theory could be put in practice it is at our antipodes, where large tracts of land are held idle by speculators. Land-grabbing is an unknown quantity even among us, as compared with the way it is done in Australia. But when Mr. George gets to Sidney and Melbourne he may astonish the rising generation with the novelty of his scheme, but the old-timers will only find a reminiscence of their youth in the bold dogma. The single-tax policy was made a practical matter there thirty years ago, and while it did some good in forcing land sharks to let go of some of their holdings, it was found to be impossible of application in the long run, and was abandoned for this reason.

A. B. ELLIOTT, whoever he may be, seems to have done what many foolish people have done before him. The very thing he would have prevented has caused to be done. The charges against Major Gard, in all probability, hastened his confirmation. It is not a popular thing in America to seek to reach any goal by an indirect course. This much to the credit of our people generally, that in a fight they insist on an open one, and no "bushwhacking." An open foe is honorable.

DON'T LIKE THE COUNCIL. EDITOR HERALD—I admire your suggestion in regard to paving the streets; but, let me ask, is the present Council able to take care of any streets? So far they have utterly disregarded any of the improved streets, and allowed Main street to go to ruin, at least to get as full of chock holes as it was before paving, or worse, and this in spite of bonds of the contractors. Spring street is beginning the same way, and Fort street may soon follow. Mr. Frankensfield, however, has all his interest there. It seems to be the only object of the Council to make as many new streets as possible, widen old ones, grade and pave them—in fact, make work for contractors and for a very unnecessary board for widening streets. The board should have been discharged, with half of the employees of the Engineer's office, and the economy of the city would have been best served. In view of the above mentioned facts I would ask you not to push your suggestions too hard on a Council which seems to be but too willing to make new contracts. Let them take care of what there is now, and they will have enough to do.

IMPATIENT BOOMERS.

The Great Rush for Claims in Dakota.

TOWNS BUILT UP IN A NIGHT.

Guards Unable to Keep the Surging Throng of Settlers Back—Serious Trouble.

Associated Press Dispatches to the HERALD.

ST. PAUL, February 11.—A Pioneer Press special from Pierre, S. D., says: The situation here today over the opening of the Sioux reservation was nearly the same as last night. Last night the attempts to cross over the river into the promised land kept on, it seeming the boomers never slept. The soldiers were taxed to their utmost in their attempts to keep the excited crowd at bay.

Another attempt to cross was made by the South Pierre boomers last night at 11 o'clock. They had twenty-five teams loaded with lumber and supplies, and managed by the closest secrecy to cross the ice about one mile below the city, and just above Fort Union. They were discovered by a sentry, who attempted to raise the alarm; but he was seized from behind by a party that had been lying in ambush, and was bound hand and foot and laid in the bushes. The boomers proceeded over the hill, about five hundred strong, and had almost succeeded in getting beyond the line, when they were discovered by a skirmishing party. Immediately a company of mounted infantry was sent from Fort Pierre, and was soon in hot pursuit. The boomers scattered in all directions, but nearly all were captured. V. E. Prentice, a townsman boomer, and a partner of United States Senator Pettigrew, was shot in the leg. He was taken to the military hospital, and refused to give him up to his friends in this city. The boomers returned to this side of the river all worn out and somewhat discouraged over the loss of ten teams and wagons loaded with supplies.

About the same time the South Pierre boomers were making this attempt, another crowd, though somewhat smaller, made a desperate effort about half a mile north of the boat landing. This crowd numbered about two hundred. They succeeded in making the other bank but were then discovered. They made a grand rush and scattered; the wagons escaped into the interior of the reservation, and some of the boomers were scattered over the lands. Half of them were caught and returned to this city. Vest of the mile square there are a large number of houses built by French and half-breeds, who will claim all the land adjacent to the mile square. Last night several boomers built houses on the quiet in that neighborhood, and all were burned by soldiers this morning. All night long boomers were sneaking over in ones and twos, and many escaped the guards. This morning the Indian police found a colony of boomers ten miles west of here, whose houses and effects they burned and carried the boomers to Fort Sully. The boomers are becoming anxious, but it is expected tomorrow that the order to allow them on the reservation will be received.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., February 11.—The rush to the newly opened reservation continues. The settlers arrived at all hours last night, and this morning the landscape west is thickly dotted with buildings in course of erection. Companies are being organized for the purpose of locating townships along the White river. United States Marshal Fry left for White river today to ascertain the condition of affairs there. A Kettler, who came to town today, said that each claim immediately west of here has forty occupants. By evening there will be quite a village where yesterday was nothing but a prairie.

ST. PAUL, February 11.—A Pioneer Press Chamberlain, S. D., special says: Every incoming train is heavily loaded with settlers bound for the reservation, and the stream of humanity crossing the river is almost continuous; several thousand have already begun the erection of houses, new arrivals being forced to go farther into the interior. Agent Anderson has ceased to attempt the removal of the settlers, having received instructions from Washington, but he is determined to guard the interests of the Indians entrusted in his care, and he says if all the buildings erected by settlers on lands filed upon by Indians prior to the issuing of the proclamation, are not removed he will burn every one of them to the ground.

Reports are received from innumerable localities of the forming of colonies to start at once for the reservation. The rush a week hence promises to be greater than at present. The Indians at Lower Brule, which agency contains about 2,000 red men, are in the best humor, and enjoy hugely the incessant strife between the white men for possession of the lands ceded by them. The tough element so common in the border has not yet put on an appearance, but this crowd will undoubtedly drift in as the opening of the reservation becomes generally known. Every effort is being exerted by United States Marshal Fry and his deputies to preserve order, and thus far the excited settlers have been held in check.

A large party left this morning with a large stock of lumber and provisions for a point on the survey of the Milwaukee route, about 60 miles in the interior, where they expect a turn of respectable proportions will be built during the next few weeks. A party of old timers, persons thoroughly acquainted with the reservation, and who are positive they know of the existence of coal, started out this afternoon for the purpose of prospecting and locating claims on the White river. The rush is on the increase tonight, and interest is unabated. At the present rate of settlement, it would not take more than three months to settle the entire 9,000,000 acres acquired by the Government.

SCHOOLS FOR UTAH.

The Provisions of Senator Edmunds's New Bill.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The bill introduced by Senator Edmunds today to provide a public school system for Utah, is a most elaborate and comprehensive measure, and with great minuteness provides about all the legislation necessary for the conduct of school affairs in the Territory. One of the objects of the bill is to diminish Mormon influence. In brief, the bill provides for the appointment of a Commissioner of Schools at an annual salary of \$2,000, whose duty it shall be to supervise the conduct of the public schools in various counties, and apportion the money among the counties on the basis of the number of children between the ages of 6 and 18 years. The Governor, Com-

missioner of Schools and Probate Judge in each county in which the appointment is to be made, shall appoint a Superintendent of Schools for each county in the Territory. Instruction is to be given in temperance, manners and morals in addition to the usual public school studies. No sectarian or denominational books shall be used or sectarian doctrines taught. A tax of three mills upon each dollar of taxable property shall be levied as a special fund for school purposes, to be deposited in the State treasury. An apportionment shall be made to the various counties from this fund, and there shall also be levied in each county a school tax not exceeding six mills on the dollar, to be distributed to the different school districts in the county, upon the basis of the number of school children in each district. Whenever the money received from the Territorial and county fund is not sufficient to provide suitable buildings and maintain a school three terms in each year, an additional tax shall be levied in each school district in which the fund is insufficient. Authority is given to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding four per cent. of the taxable property, whenever the resident taxpayers in any county shall favor the same. The Commissioner of Schools, County Superintendent and Faculty of the University shall meet and decide upon the text books to be adopted in the schools, and the use of the books selected shall be mandatory. The foregoing provisions are generally applicable to cities as well as country school districts; city schools, however, are to be under the control of a Board of Education. Cities of the first class may issue school bonds to an amount not exceeding \$75,000, and of the third class not exceeding \$35,000.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

Mr. Wanamaker Explains the Details of His Scheme.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—Postmaster-General Wanamaker, before the House committee on postoffices and postroads, today discussed fully the proposition in his annual report for the establishment of a limited postal telegraph. He submitted a plan providing for the lease by the Government, for ten years, of wires for carrying on the business and for the delivery of telegrams by carriers in the first delivery following the receipt of the telegram. The scheme, he insisted, was practical and free from objection.

Wanamaker proposed a union of the post and the telegraph on a basis that would not interfere to any appreciable extent with any existing rights, but would afford an incalculable service to classes not now enjoying the use of the telegraph to any large degree. He wished to be directed to negotiate and secure a set of leased wires such as the great newspapers have from city to city, or as the brokers and bankers have, connecting their offices and different cities, that the public might communicate through their business offices (post offices) from city to city, or by messages dropped in their mail boxes. The people had now, he continued, business offices (clerks) who could soon learn the tick of the machine, carriers who traveled over the same streets traversed by telegraph boys, and stamps for payment that dispense with book-keeping, and all that was needed to build up the service was authority and wire. He declared most emphatically that such a service was the legitimate work of the postoffice, and the people were right in stoutly demanding telegraph facilities at postal stations.

Mr. Wanamaker then stated the provisions of his bill. Nothing in fact shall be so construed as to prohibit any telegraph company from performing general business for the public as has been now done. Postal telegraph charges in any one State shall not exceed ten cents for messages of twenty words or less, counting address and signatures, nor over twenty-five cents for any distance under 1,600 miles, nor over fifty cents for any greater distance; rates and rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Postmaster-General. The bill also provides for the establishment of a system of postal telegraph money orders, at a rate not to exceed double the rate now charged, in addition to the double postal telegraph charge.

PILLS FOR INGALLS.

A Present that the Senator Did Not Appreciate.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—On Saturday last Senator Ingalls's mail contained a small pink-wrapped box. Upon being opened the box was found to contain a cartridge, with the following inscription in black ink: "Election pills for old Cuff, or for Ingalls, from Jackson, Miss. Come to see us, old Nutgalls." Ingalls was not alarmed at the contents, but both he and his secretary thought it prudent to lay the cartridge carefully away, as there was a possibility that it might be more destructive than an ordinary cartridge. On examination, however, it proved to be a buckshot cartridge, containing nine large buckshot and a charge of powder. Even this it was thought was not a particularly pleasant present, and the joke may turn out to be a serious one for the perpetrators, as it is a violation of the postal laws to send explosives through the mails.

Pension Plunders.

WASHINGTON, February 11.—Governor Hovey, of Indiana, president of the Service Pension Association of the United States since 1887, appeared before the House committee on invalid pensions today on behalf of the principle upon which the association is organized. He made an able and eloquent plea for the Service Pension bill. Mrs. Tolman, on behalf of the women army nurses, also addressed the committee in favor of the bill granting pensions to women who served as nurses in the late war.

THE Interstate Association. CHICAGO, February 11.—The Interstate Commerce Railway Association met today, and accepted the resignation of the Union Pacific and Northern roads, to take effect the 23d and 28th instants. War between these roads, in alliance, against the others is anticipated.

So other business of any kind was transacted. The meeting adjourned after a session of just ten minutes. While the association will doubtless continue in existence, the general opinion is that its prestige has by today's action suffered a blow, the result of which will probably never be overcome.

Decided Against Nelson.

BUFFALO, February 11.—At the meeting of the Board of Review of the National Trotting Association, the Nelson-Alcyon case, after alleged fraud, was brought up, after arguing the case some time, it was decided against Nelson, who asked for a postponement. Attorney Smiley, who had asked that the charges be dismissed, served an injunction on the board, granted today by Justice Corbett, of the Supreme Court. The injunction will remain until the board can argue for its dissolution.

PARLIAMENT REOPENED.

The Queen's Speech From the Throne.

FAIR PROMISES FOR IRELAND.

Salisbury's Treatment of Portugal Criticized—The Parnellites on Deck.

Associated Press Dispatches to the HERALD.

LONDON, February 11.—Parliament re-assembled today. The Queen's speech opening the session was read.

It opens with reference to the cordial relations existing with all foreign countries. Portugal, it says, has acceded to the request of England in regard to Central Africa. The Samoan settlement is briefly alluded to, and there is a promise to lay before Parliament all the papers relating to the Samoan conference and to the extradition treaty with the United States. Her Majesty expresses hopes for good results from the federation movement in Australia. In home legislation Ireland will demand a prominent place in the attention of Parliament. Her Majesty is glad to announce a marked diminution in the amount of agrarian crime. There is a promise to introduce a land purchase bill and local government bill and other measures for improving the material interests of Ireland.

THE LORDS.

In the House of Lords an address in reply to the speech from the throne was moved by Baron de Ramsey and seconded by the Earl of Strathbrake.

Earl Granville criticized the tone of the dispatches to Portugal as unnecessarily harsh, and having gone out of the way to provoke irritation in a small and feeble nation that had a great colonial history and a justly proud of it. He also hoped the Government would tell the House why in the speech from the throne no mention whatever was made of the Parnell Commission.

Salisbury said the Government shared with the country the pain arising from the dispute with Portugal, but when the House had read the papers it would find that Portugal had been warned again and again that it was impossible for England to accept or assent to her claim to ownership of territory of tribes that were under British protection, or her settlements in the Shire and Nyassa countries. Decisive diplomatic pressure presented the best course for the interests of Portugal and the interests of humanity.

Earl Granville asked if the convention for the suppression of sugar bounties would be ratified. Salisbury responded that its ratification would depend upon the amount of cooperation the Government would have from the principal users of sugar. He thought the prospects for ultimate agreement unfavorable. The French Government had expressed its distinct dissent from some of the provisions of the convention. The spirit of protection in America increased the difficulty, and Brazil was also against the convention.

THE COMMONS.

In the Commons, Balfour announced that on Monday next he would introduce an Irish land purchase bill.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt brought up the Piggot forgeries on a question of privilege. He declared that the London Times, in publishing the forged letters, was guilty of a breach of privilege. He contended that a breach of privilege committed during one session could be punished during another session. He said: "Since the suit for libel has been decided in favor of Parnell, and since it has been admitted that the letters used as a cover to the assault on him were forgeries, the House is afforded an absolutely sure basis whereupon to act. It is now obvious that the object of the publication of the forgeries on the day when the Coercion bill had its second reading was to influence a division in Parliament. It was a gross and palpable outrage upon the House. A more flagrant breach of privilege could not be conceived. Some reparation should be made for this use of poisoned weapons."

Under-Secretary Gorst for India said such a discussion would be inappropriate while the report of the Parnell Commission was pending. Gladstone, who was loudly cheered as he arose, spoke in support of the motion. He said he could not consider that the Times' offense against the House had been purged by the apologies which had been made before the Parnell Commission through Sir Richard Webster, which apologies grossly exaggerated the original offense. If the conspiracy against Parnell had been successful, the result to him would have been absolute political death, and the moral blow struck at him would have been felt throughout the Irish nation. The Times had aimed to affect the judgment of the direction of temporary success. He did not wish to dwell upon the horrible and loathsome character of the whole affair. He trusted the House would vindicate its right to deal with the offense. The Government owed it to itself to deal fairly toward Parnell and the Irish people for the injustice done both through the forgeries.

After dilating upon the notable decrease of crime in Ireland, he concluded with the prediction that if a just and firm government were continued, harmony, love and good will would grow fast rooted among the people of that country, even after the lapse of generations that had known only discord.

Balfour accused Gladstone of dealing in flimsy fiction. He declared that the delay was the fault of the Gladstone party alone, and said the charge that the Times had acted with a view to influence the judgment of the House was unfounded. He objected to the ancient, cumbersome and often misused machinery of the breach of privileges.

La Bouchere expressed surprise at the petty and paltry arguments advanced by Balfour and Sir John Gorst. It had been proved that the Times had supplied Piggot with bank notes to provide for his family within ten days of the time when he had absconded.

Bradlaugh said that as the Times assisted the Government to pass its infamous measure, the breach of privilege was against the whole House, as well as against Parnell.

Parnell asked: "Why did not the Government appoint the committee of inquiry asked for in the beginning? That would have made it possible to prove the letters forgeries in forty-eight hours. I never determined not to submit the facts to a jury, but always considered it absolutely necessary to discover from whom the Times obtained its letters. I recognized, however, that it was impossible to compel the Times to

divulge this in an ordinary court of justice. I asked for a select committee, because to compel its agents to testify before such a body was the only method of forcing the Times to divulge that secret. At this was refused, we were not to blame for the delay. But who is to blame? Can you answer that? You wanted to use those letters as a political engine, not caring whether they were or were not forgeries. You saw that it was impossible for us to prove that they were forgeries very speedily, and that meanwhile they would be useful to you in the elections. You needed them to make capital against us, and as a suitable engine for obtaining inquiry into a much wider question, which you would never have obtained apart from the letters that were forged for the purpose."

Administering a severe reproof to Sir Richard Webster, Parnell continued: "If the leader of a party that must always be in the minority here, should be sorry to treat my modest opponents with the incredible meanness and cowardice which I have been treated with by them. Even now I am further insulted by the terms of an amendment which insinuates that the forged letters may after all be genuine. If you believe those letters were forged, have the courage and frankness to declare it. I move to place the word 'forged' before the word 'letters' in the amendment to the motion."

Smith, in behalf of the whole Government and his party, expressed himself satisfied that Parnell had proved the letters to be forgeries, and he consented that the word "forged" should be inserted as Parnell proposed.

The motion offered by Harcourt was then rejected, 260 to 212, and Gorst's amendment, that the House decline to consider the motion of a breach of privilege, was adopted. The Parnellite members of Parliament re-elected Parnell as their chairman, and adopted a vote of confidence in him.

SIBERIAN HORRORS.

More Fendish Treatment of Political Prisoners Published.

NEW YORK, February 11.—An evening paper publishes a dispatch from Paris, which states that a cipher letter has just been received by a Russian refugee in that city, dated December 21st, which gives the details of a horrible tragedy in the political prison at Kara, in Eastern Siberia. Madame Nadyda Slida, of noble birth, a teacher in the high school at Moscow, was found last year with revolutionary papers in her possession. She was sentenced to penal servitude. On her arrival at Kara, the handsome, refined woman soon attracted the attention of the director of the prison, who took an early opportunity to inspect her. Madame Slida boxed the ears of her director, who on revenge had her stripped and flogged in the presence of all the men in the prison. Through shame and fear she suicided with poison the same day. Several other female political prisoners, fearful of similar treatment, followed her example. A few miles from the women's political prison at Kara, is that occupied by male political convicts, who on hearing of the tragedy, revolted en masse. Troops were called out and awful scenes followed, shooting, flying and torturing going on by wholesale. The Russian authorities suppressed the facts.

A CANADIAN MOB.

They Throw Stones at a Band of Female Evangelists.

OTTAWA, February 11.—There was a riot tonight in Hull City, just across the river from here. It was an enlargement of the riot of last week. Miss Bertha Wright and her evangelists announced that they were going over there again tonight. Hull was in a state of excitement all the afternoon, and about 7 o'clock six or seven hundred boys assembled. The Chief of Police tried to harangue the mob, but could not make a speech, but the crowd attacked him and beat him severely. The crowd soon increased in numbers until it was over a thousand strong. The men marched along, shouting and singing. Towards 8:30 the mob surged in the direction of the little mission hall, where they hurled stones at the building, smashing the windows and demolishing the wooden structure. Many persons were hurt. The evangelists and their escort left the building in a body, and marched forward resolutely. The mob, on perceiving them, increased their yells. Miss Wright was injured by a stone, but not seriously. Several others were cut and bruised. The matter will be brought up in Parliament tomorrow.

Patriotic Meetings Suppressed.

LONDON, February 11.—An enormous crowd assembled today in the Place Dom Pedro, and Republican forces endeavored to harangue the various groups, but the police and cavalry charged the mass, which dispersed after some fighting. Twenty-eight persons were arrested.

A proclamation has been issued by the Government forbidding the holding of the patriotic meeting which was to have taken place in the Coliseum. The proclamation also prohibits the contemplated procession through the streets.

Condensed Cablegrams.

At Dundee the striking dock laborers' demands have been granted.

Senator Lobo, Minister of the Interior of Brazil, has resigned in consequence of a disagreement with General Fonseca.

Osborne's library at Paris, containing many unique historical documents, has been destroyed by fire; loss, \$400,000.

The Russian bishop at San Francisco will be recalled. He will be succeeded by Archimandrite, of St. Petersburg.

The Russian Government has sent officers to the City of Mexico for the purpose of establishing a legation there.

In the election for Patrick, in Scotland, Parker Smith, (Unionist), received 4,148 votes, and Mr. Tennent, a Gladstone Liberal, 3,929.

SULLIVAN AND JACKSON.

Peter Declines to Face John L. for Three Rounds.

NEW YORK, February 11.—John L. Sullivan will box at a theater in Hoboken tomorrow night, and Jack Barnett tried to get Peter Jackson to stand before him. "I determined to offer Jackson our share of the proceeds," said Barnett, "if he stands before Sullivan three rounds. Now that will be something like \$1,000, more money than he can make by remaining idle."

When Jackson was asked if he would accept the proposition he said he would decline it. "I am very much indebted to Mr. Barnett," said he, "but he is colored boxer, but he is welcome to know his \$1,000. Sullivan knows very well I cannot accept an offer of that kind, and I am surprised that it should have been made. When he is out of his trouble with the Mississippi authorities, I sincerely hope to meet him in a finish fight."

ALONG THE COAST.

Oregon Flood Reports Still Coming In.

THE LIST OF LOSSES GROWING.

Patti Warbles in San Francisco.
General Murray Receiving
Congratulations.

(Associated Press Dispatches to the Herald.)

PORTLAND, February 11.—The first train to arrive in the city over the Union Pacific since February 1st, came today about noon, bringing a large number of passengers and considerable mail and express. This morning a train left for the East over this line. The blockade is believed to be permanently raised, and no further trouble is anticipated. The west side train on the Southern Pacific, arrived this morning and reports the state of the situation along the east side line as rapidly improving, and in a short time local trains will be able to reach Roseburg. It is not known when steamboat traffic will be resumed on the Upper Willamette. The head gates in the lock at Oregon City are gone, and unless these are repaired traffic will not be resumed. Considerable damage to the city, was considerably damaged by the recent flood, and about 400 feet of it will have to be rebuilt. The current of the river was so swift that the foundations of the south half of the wharf was undermined, and since the water has commenced to subside the dock is settling down. It is estimated that it will cost thousands of dollars to repair the dock.

FURTHER REPORTS OF DAMAGE.
EUGENE, Ore., February 11.—Reports from Sinslaw state that a number of people were driven from their homes by the recent flood, and considerable property was destroyed. The bridge across Lake Crane was washed away. A man by the name of Turner was drowned. The loss to Lane county is estimated at \$50,000. A land slide occurred on the mountain side above the Sinslaw river last week, burying the residence of O. F. Andrews, killing Mrs. Andrews. The daughter and two sons of Andrews were thrown into the river, and after floating on the debris all night, were picked up several miles below in an almost dying condition.

COW CREEK CANON.
SAN FRANCISCO, February 11.—Several foremen, a large number of carpenters and over 100 additional laborers were sent north today to work on the California and Oregon road. Assistant Superintendent Pratt has opened the line about fifty-five miles north of Ashland to Cow Creek canon, where for twenty miles the line is completely wrecked. With the exception of this long stretch it is expected to have the road re-opened in a few days, but the damage in Cow Creek canon will delay the full resumption of travel for several weeks.

General Murray Congratulated.
SAN DIEGO, Cal., February 11.—General Eli H. Murray, ex-Governor of Utah, is the recipient of congratulations from Governor May-elect and a large number of leading business men of Salt Lake City, as follows: "In the midst of the indescribable joy of the Salt Lake Gentlemen over their grand victory, we do not forget you who so honorably and nobly represented our cause, and whose statesmanship paved the way for ultimate success. God is good, and we ask him to bless Eli H. Murray."
General Murray is tonight receiving the congratulations of the people of this city.

Patti's Appearance.
SAN FRANCISCO, February 11.—Patti appeared at the Grand opera house tonight in the opera, *Semiramide*. Every seat in the house was filled, prominent society people being present in great numbers. The audience was fairly appreciative, but the intense enthusiasm that was manifested on her last visit was not manifested tonight.

Horses on Snowshoes.
NEVADA, Cal., February 11.—The first stage from Downville since January 13, arrived last night. Since January 1st the road has been passable but three days, owing to the depth and softness of the snow. Lower temperature the last few days has formed a crust which will bear up sleighs and horses shod with snowshoes.

Lugo's Murderers Captured.
SAN BERNARDINO, February 11.—News reached the Sheriff's office here today of the capture on the Colorado river, one hundred miles north of Yuma, of Juan Pena and his son, Angelo, who after murdering old man Lugo about ten days ago, fled the country.

Prison Directors.
SAN QUENTIN, February 11.—The Board of Prison Directors met here this afternoon. Directors Craig and Reddy were absent. Only routine business was transacted.

CLAASEN'S CROOKEDNESS.
Some Queer Ways of Doing Business Disclosed.

NEW YORK, February 11.—The hearing before United States Commissioner Shields in the examination of Claassen, ex-president of the Sixth National Bank, was resumed this afternoon. Charles H. Leland, who is now president of the bank, and who had that position previous to Claassen's incumbency, was recalled. He said when he turned the bank over to Claassen, its assets contained \$1,400,000. He paid \$200,000 to his counsel, Wetmore, for the recovery of 1,905 1/2 shares of stock in the bank, which Claassen sold to Pell.

Conrad N. Jordan, who succeeded the late Daniel Manning as president of the Western National Bank, was next called. His testimony contained no information that has not been printed.
Cashier Colson, of the Sixth National Bank, caused a sensation by saying that within fifteen minutes after Claassen had been elected president, he asked witness to draw three checks for \$80,000 each; that he had effected a loan, and would take them down town and next day return with the collateral. Witness demurred, but finally drew the checks. Next day Claassen brought to witness bonds which were absolutely worthless.

Fanz in Washington.
WASHINGTON, February 11.—Henry J. Fanz, the victim of the recent outrage at Aberdeen, Miss., arrived at Washington today, in company with a postoffice inspector. He was with Attorney-General Miller some time this afternoon, and the latter said to an Associated Press representative that he told practically the same story that has already been related of the affair. He says he was beaten by a policeman, and two or three gentlemen called at his room and told

him the Mayor had said he would protect him if he stayed. The policeman, however, advised me to leave, which he did. Fanz is twenty-four years old, a native of Indiana and a Democrat in politics.

The Dakota Famine.
GRAND FORKS, N. D., February 11.—Hon. H. T. Helgeson, State Commissioner of Agriculture, has issued an address to the public explaining the situation in the drought-stricken counties, and making an appeal for assistance. He says the suffering for want of provisions, clothing, fuel and feed for stock, in several counties, is unprecedented in an area of 80 by 100 miles, with 5,000 population.

Eastern Echoes.
The Kennel Club's dog show opened in New York Monday, with 1,400 entries. W. L. Cowardin, president of the Virginia and Marine Insurance Company, died Monday, aged 72.

General John Foster, once a prominent military man and a distinguished member of the New York bar, died Monday morning of heart disease, hastened by drink.
A Fortress Monroe special tells of a sensation caused by the alleged marriage of a negro preacher of Mrs. Alice Snell-McCrea, of Chicago, to a New York banker.

Miss Sarah Phelps Stokes, daughter of Anson Phelps Stokes, was wedded to Hugh Colin Gustave George Halkett Bacon, of the Kingdom of Hanover, in New York on Monday.

The fifth annual session of the Knights of Labor is in session at Marshalltown. Several officers of the Farmers' Alliance are expected to attend, when an effort will be made to effect an amalgamation.
Ellis F. Bard, the defaulting cashier of the Lincoln, Pa., National Bank, and F. W. Hull, his accomplice, have been arrested. Executions have been issued against Hull, who has been a large dealer in coal and lumber, for \$33,000. His liabilities are nearly \$100,000.

The championship tourney of the United States Chess Association closed at St. Louis Monday afternoon. Showalter took first money, \$250; Pollock, second, \$150; Lipschultz, third, \$75; Haller, fourth, \$50, and Robbins, fifth, \$25.

Judge O'Brien, of the Supreme Court at New York, has continued the injunction restraining the sugar trust from disposing of any of its property or assets. His honor says none of the trust's properties are in a position to pay dividends just now, but when they are in a position to do so, they can make application to the court.

F. Woodruff & Co., of New York, extensive dealers in suit and fish, have announced that they are unable to meet obligations. Their storage property a year ago was valued at \$1,000,000, subject to a mortgage for \$450,000. The firm claimed a capital of \$600,000, but lately had difficulty in discounting their paper. Their liabilities are said to be over \$300,000.

Undelivered Telegrams.
At the Western Union Telegraph office, corner Court and Main streets, February 11, 1890: M. P. Cutler, W. H. Johnson, James Harrison.

There is an undelivered telegram at the Postal telegraph office, No. 125 West First street, for John Cryderman.

CATARH.
Catarrhal Deafness—Hay Fever—A New Home Treatment.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are curable, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result of this discovery is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrhal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks.

N. B.—This treatment is not a snuff or an ointment; both have been discarded by reputable physicians as injurious. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of three cents by A. H. Dixon & Son, 337 and 339 West King street, Toronto, Canada.—Medical Adviser.

Sufferers from Catarrhal troubles should carefully read the above.
Custom House Statistics
Show that 2,454,504 cases of champagne were imported during the last decade, of which over one-fourth was "G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry." Their importation during that period was over 200,000 cases more than any other brand, indicating its popularity.

Stoves Sold on Installments.
F. E. Brown's, No. 136 South Main street.

Harris, the Hatter
And gents' furnisher, 204 S. Spring st., opposite the Hollenbeck.

Beckham's Pills set like magic on a weak stomach.

A can of Ardenter mustard will please you. Your grocer has it.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BORN.—In this city, Sunday, February 9, 1890, to the wife of W. L. Baker, a twelve-pound girl.

KEEP COOL!

DON'T GIVE UP!

Read a few lines of Good Advice

IT MAY SAVE YOUR LIFE.

"I am broken down and discouraged, and don't know just what to do for my health." This remark we often hear from both men and women that are positively in that condition that life is no longer to them a pleasure, but instead a continual battle. THE GREAT SIERRA KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is especially adapted for just such cases. It acts gently on the bowels, purifies the blood without unsightly blotches, renovates the kidneys and liver, the great organs of existence that must be kept clear. By thus doing its work it brings the nervous system into a healthy condition, producing sound and refreshing sleep. For all female complaints, leucorrhoea, suppressed menses, no matter from what cause, attended by severe pain, and all other complaints so common among women, it immediately relieves and effects a permanent cure. Put aside all prejudice, and give this most wonderful and best of all remedies a trial. Warranted purely vegetable. Delightful to the taste. For sale by all druggists. Take no other.

SIERRA CHEMICAL CO., 2424 Mission Street.
GENTLEMEN: On your bottle label you ask for testimonials in regard to the effect of your remedy. I find pleasure in giving to you my hearty thanks as well as my testimonial, which you can publish. I have suffered a great deal with kidney and liver troubles and have tried many medicines as well as different doctors to get relief. Your GREAT SIERRA KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE was recommended to me and I have given it a trial. Much to my satisfaction, I find it has cured me of all my kidney and liver difficulties, also the severe pains in my back are entirely well. I cheerfully recommend your truly valuable remedy to all in the same condition. Very kindly yours,
112 Twentieth St., San Francisco, Cal.
F. W. BRAUN & CO.,
Wholesale Agents,
2015 606th
Los Angeles.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE COUTLER DRY GOODS HOUSE

5 Cents Per Yard - SPECIAL - Worth 9 and 10c
7 1/2 Cents Per Yard - TORCHON - Worth 12 1/2 and 14c
10 Cents Per Yard - LACES. - Worth 15 and 17c
15 Cents Per Yard - Worth 20 and 35c
22 Cents Per Yard - Worth 40 and 45c
28 Cents Per Yard - Worth 50 and 60c
35 Cents Per Yard - Worth 65 and 75c

SATINES!
FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

WORTH 10 CENTS	5 CENTS	WORTH 10 CENTS
WORTH 12 1/2 CENTS	9 CENTS	WORTH 12 1/2 CENTS
WORTH 15 CENTS	11 CENTS	WORTH 15 CENTS
WORTH 16 2/3 CENTS	12 1/2 CENTS	WORTH 16 2/3 CENTS
WORTH 20 CENTS	15 CENTS	WORTH 20 CENTS

KID GLOVES
"THE COUTLER"
Is the brand of Our New Kid Glove imported direct from Germany. We guarantee the fit and to be nothing but genuine kid. Gloves fitted to the hand.

OUR PRICE, \$1.25	OUR PRICE, \$1.50	OUR PRICE, \$1.75
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SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

THE COUTLER DRY GOODS HOUSE
201, 203, 205 South Spring St., Corner Second.

I have Good Investments for Capital, Some of Which are:
FOR SALE—One of the best paying livery and hack businesses in the city; will take part good property.
FOR SALE—A very desirable piece of Spring-street property.
FOR SALE—Some very desirable building lots in the "Crown Hills" and "Nob Hill" portions of the city, very low to relieve a pressing necessity.
FOR SALE—A very highly improved orange and walnut orchard for \$75,000, which for this and two preceding years has paid NET 10 per cent. per annum and over, on price asked. This is a rare investment and a handsome home.
FOR SALE—From 10,000 to 30,000 acres of the finest fruit and grain lands in Southern California for Colonies. This property is all under the best water system, with unlimited quantities of water sold very low and on easy terms.
FOR SALE—1,100 rich valley land; well watered; just the property for a successful stock-breeding farm.
FOR RENT—Two fine suites of two rooms each, in the Panorama building, Main street. Good rooms for commission or professional business; rent \$15 a suite.
FOR RENT—40 room, furnished house; centrally located; rent low for desirable tenant.
FOR EXCHANGE—For residence in city, a lovely orange and fruit orchard in beautiful Duarte; plenty of water.
SPECIAL BARGAINS—Three lots on Figueroa and two on Adams streets, at less than assessment prices.
I have other city and country property, desirable and at low figures. Call and if I haven't what you want I will get it.

J. S. VAN DOREN, 34 N. Spring St.
OPTICIANS AND JEWELERS
The Los Angeles Optical Institute.
N. STRASSBURGER,
Scientific and Practical Optician,
Strictly Reliable.
209 N. MAIN STREET.
Opposite New U. S. Hotel.
Testing of eyes FREE by the latest improved methods. Physicians' prescriptions and mail orders carefully filled. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. Grinding lenses to order on premises a specialty. 14 2m

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
Fine Calf, Heavy Laced Grain and Creed-moor Waterproof.
Best in the world. Examine his \$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE. \$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE. \$3.50 POLICE AND FARMER'S SHOE. \$3.00 EXTRA VALUE GALE SHOE. \$2.25 & \$2.00 WORKINGMEN'S SHOES. \$2.00 and \$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. All made in Congress, Button and Lace.
\$3 & \$2 SHOES FOR LADIES.
\$1.75 SHOE FOR MISSES.
Best Material, Best Style, Best Fitting. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
MASSACHUSETTS Boot and Shoe House,
Sole Agents for Los Angeles.
11-5m 23 WEST FIRST ST.

MEXICAN TONIC!
Is thorough in its work of cleansing the system of all impurities in a very short time, and is considered by those having used it as a SPECIFIC in
DYSPEPSIA, Constipation, Loss of Appetite, GENERAL NERVOUSNESS.
Give It a Trial. Sold Everywhere.
11-5m M. L. STARIN, PRESIDENT.

FOR MEN ONLY!
A POSITIVE CURE FOR LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD. General and Nervous Debility. Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Stronchian Weakness, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS OF BODY. Incurable by any other means. See testily from 41 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. Write for free Book, full particulars, and youth medicine. Address: ERIC MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y. 10-5m

MISCELLANEOUS.

MULLEN, BLUETT & CO.
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
N. W. Cor. Spring and First Sts.
Are still giving 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT on all

OVERCOATS!
And 10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT on all Men's and Boys'
Fine Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods,
HATS, VALISES, ETC.
Save money while you can, as our GREAT DISCOUNT SALE will continue but for a few days longer.

MULLEN, BLUETT & CO.
Corner Spring and First Streets.
11-5m
Having Purchased the Entire Stock of
FURNITURE
Of the Late Firm of

WALTON & WACHTEL
I offer the same to either dealers or private parties
AT LESS THAN ACTUAL COST
I have determined to close out the stock as soon as possible. Intending purchasers will serve their interests by giving me a call.

J. V. WACHTEL,
312, 314 AND 316 SOUTH SPRING STREET.
117
R. Stewart & Son, GROCERS,
TELEPHONE 725. 531 & 533 SOUTH SPRING.

C. C. C. GROCERY, South Spring St.,
Corner Fourth.
RED FRONT.
Sugar, best dry granulated, 14 lbs. for \$1.00
Sugar, best brown, 16 lbs. for 1.00
Coffee, Arbuckle's, per package, 1.00
Coffee, blended, 9 1/2 lbs. for 1.00
Tea at all prices, ranging from .25 to .75
Hams, best quality, per lb. .13 1/2
Hams, picnic "Box" per lb. .10
Breakfast Bacon, best quality, per lb. .12 1/2
Eastern Dry Salt Pork, per lb. .10
10 lb. Pull Armour's or Fairbanks' Lard. .85
5 lb. " " " " .45
3 lb. " " " " .30
4 Packages Gloss or Corn Starch, gal can. .65
Syrup, Falson or Perfection Drops, gal can. .50
Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, 3 cans for .50
8 Cans Seal Rock, Perfection or Blue Point Oysters. 1.00
All other goods in proportion. Prompt delivery to all parts of the city. Mail orders promptly attended to. No charge for packing. We sell for cash strictly. It is only by paying cash that we are enabled to offer these attractive prices.
12-1m F. S. GILHAM, 359 South Spring Street.

ILICH'S RESTAURANT!
Everything New and First-Class.
41 and 43 N. Main Street.
229 st JERRY ILICH, Proprietor.
MAISON DOREE RESTAURANT.
EVERYTHING FIRST CLASS.
REGULAR FRENCH MEALS at 50c., INCLUDING WINE.
229 & 231 WEST FIRST STREET, Between Spring and Fort.
14 st

CROWN FLOUR
USE THE CELEBRATED
CROWN FLOUR
Excelling by no other brand. For sale by all first-class grocers.
CROWN MILLS EXTRA FAMILY NEW PROCESS PATENT ROLLER FLOUR
STOCKTON MILLING CO. STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA. San Francisco Office, 819 California Street.
NEW HOUSE.
Wagon Material, Hardwood, Iron, Steel, Blacksmiths' Coal and Tools, Cabinet Woods, etc.
JOHN WIGMORE,
13 and 15 South Los Angeles Street. 111
O. C. F. GUARDIAN COUNCIL, - NO. 90 Regular meeting first and third at Friday's Pythian Castle, 24 S. Spring st.

ORANGE LAND AT REDLANDS

—AT—
\$200 Per Acre on Ten Years' Time.

W. P. MCINTOSH, President and General Agent of the BARTON LAND AND WATER COMPANY, is now selling the finest Orange Land in the City of Redlands for \$200 per acre, 10 per cent. cash and no further payment for ten (10) years except 6 1/2 per cent. per annum, with one (1) inch of water, miner's measurement, to every seven acres, in pipes at every ten-acre tract. San Bernardino Valley Branch R. R. and Motor Line through the center of ranch. Canning establishment and packing house also on the land. No fruit pests of any kind, and not enough of frost to injure the oranges. This is a good opening for the capitalist and business man, as well as for the poor man. The fruits produced will certainly meet the payments. For maps and particulars, apply to

W. P. MCINTOSH,
Rooms 7 and 8, No. 42 South Main st., Los Angeles, Cal.

BANKING HOUSES.

MAIN STREET SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST CO.

326 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

CAPITAL, \$200,000

President, J. B. Lankershim; Vice-President, Chas. Forman; Cashier, F. W. DeVan. Directors: Chas. Forman, A. Haas, J. J. Schaller, G. J. Griffith, J. B. Lankershim, J. H. Jones, L. N. Van Nuy, Geo. H. Pike, F. Sabich. Five per cent. interest paid on Time Deposits. Money to Loan on Real Estate.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.

Corner of Spring and Second Streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

CAPITAL, \$250,000.

Is fully equipped for every kind of legitimate banking, and solicits the account needing a banker.

OFFICERS: J. M. C. MARBLE, President. OWEN H. CHURCHILL, Vice-President. W. G. HUGHES, Cashier. PERRY WILDMAN, Assistant Cashier.

State Loan and Trust Co.

BANKING ROOM, N. W. CORNER SPRING AND SECOND STREETS, BRYSON-BONEBRAKE BUILDING.

Authorized Capital, \$1,000,000.

Capital Paid Up, \$400,000.

STOCKHOLDERS: Presley C. Baker, Thomas E. Beatty, Irene Beaver, Hon. Geo. A. Bingham, Rev. A. Blum, Caroline D. Bond, Blanche Bonebrake, Geo. H. Bonebrake, Geo. Percy Bonebrake, F. J. Bonebrake, Mrs. Mary A. Bonebrake, Geo. E. Bouton, B. R. Boynton, C. C. Briggs, John Bryson, Sr., Mary B. Brown, Isaac H. Bryson, L. N. Broad, W. D. Bridges, James F. Burns, J. G. Burt, R. C. Carlin, H. C. Carr, T. J. Carran, Mrs. M. E. Case, S. S. Chadler, Mrs. F. E. Chipman, Mrs. M. Cole, W. G. Cochran, Holdridge O. Collins, Rev. L. P. Crawford, Mrs. Jennie C. Cribb, William H. Crocker, E. C. Crowley, Carrie G. Dandy, Mrs. Marie Perry Davis, Walter Devereux, Mrs. E. M. Dillingham, C. H. Dougherty, Major H. L. Drew, Hon. Bismont Duncan, C. C. Dunlap, C. C. Dunsmoor, Mrs. M. M. Durkin, Mrs. A. M. Durkin, Charles E. Easman, J. M. Elliott, Alice Fenton, Howard Fenton, Ethel W. Fletcher, Mrs. L. S. Fletcher, Charles Fortner, Mrs. Addie T. Friessner, Judge W. F. Gardner, Warren Gilchrist, E. Gilman, F. M. Green, G. W. Goode, Miss S. Edith Hadley, Miss Anna Hahn, Miss Louise Hahn, J. C. Hall, Julia S. Harkins, David Harris, Sophia A. Harris, Uriah H. Harris, C. H. Hason, George W. Higgins, A. A. Hubbard, Mrs. O. Hubbard, G. D. Thomas Hughes.

DIRECTORS: GEO. H. BONEBRAKE, President. JOHN BRYSON, Sr., Vice-President. SAMUEL B. HUNT, Secretary. H. C. WITMER, J. M. C. MARBLE, W. G. COCHRAN, W. H. PERRY.

We act as trustees for corporations, and estates. Loan money on first-class real estate and collateral. Keep choice securities for sale. Pay interest on savings deposit. Five per cent. paid on time deposits. Safe deposit boxes for rent.

Best Fire Insurance Companies Represented.

THE CITY BANK, 37 South Spring street.

Capital Stock, \$300,000

A. D. CHILDRESS, President. JOHN S. PARK, Cashier.

DIRECTORS: W. T. CHILDRESS, F. F. WILKINSON, P. F. WILKINSON, John S. Park, A. D. Childress.

General banking. Fire and burglar proof safe deposit boxes rented at \$3 to \$20 per annum.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LOS ANGELES

CAPITAL STOCK, \$200,000.

RESERVE, \$200,000.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

N. F. SPENCE, President. J. D. BICKNELL, Vice-President. J. M. ELLIOTT, Cashier. G. B. SHAFER, Assistant Cashier.

Directors: E. F. SPENCE, J. D. Bicknell, S. H. Mott, Wm. Lacy, J. F. Crane, H. Mabry, J. M. Elliott.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NATIONAL BANK

NABEAU BLOCK.

L. N. BREND, President. W. F. BOBBSHILL, Vice-President. C. N. FLINT, Cashier.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$300,000.

SURPLUS, \$20,000.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$500,000.

Directors: L. N. Brend, H. T. Newell, H. A. Barclay, Charles E. Day, E. C. Bobbsyhill, M. Hagan, Frank Baden, Louis Gottschalk, D. Remick, Thos. Goss, William F. Bobbsyhill.

RENTS

LOOK BOXES

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TRUSTS

LOS ANGELES SAFE DEPOSIT

TEMPLE & N. HIGH STS.

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A Column Everyone Should Read.

HOW MONEY MAY BE SAVED.

Local Manufacturing Enterprises—Patronize Them and Keep Your Money at Home.

In this column will be found notices of a number of manufacturing establishments of Los Angeles. All who are interested in the prosperity of this city will admit the necessity of building up our manufacturing industries. This can best be done by liberally patronizing those we now have. A careful reading of this department will pay everyone.

SANITARY PLUMBING.

FRANK A. WEINSHANK,

PLUMBER, GAS AND STEAM FITTER,

128 E. Second Street. Telephone 136.

Machinery of all kinds repaired. General Jobbing promptly attended to.

LOS ANGELES TOOL WORKS.

F. T. BINGHAM, Proprietor.

Manufacturer of Engines and Machinery of all kinds.

Having enlarged the Brass Foundry, special attention given to large or small Brass, Bronze, German Silver and Zinc Castings, Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating. Patterns and Model Making a specialty.

THIRD STREET, BET FORT AND HILL. 112-1m Telephone 348.

DR. STEINHART'S ESSENCE OF LIFE.

This great strengthening remedy and nerve tonic is the most positive cure known for NEURALGIC Debility, Spasmodic, Seminal Losses, Night Emissions, Loss of Vital Power, Sleeplessness, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Blur Before the Eyes, Lassitude, Languor, Gloominess, Depression of Spirits, Aversion to Society, Easy Discouragement, Lack of Confidence, Indigestion, Listeria, and all the ailments of the Nervous System.

It is a safe, reliable, and permanent cure for all the above ailments, and for all the ailments of the Nervous System.

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LION & SONS

Offer this Week at their

CLOSING OUT SALE!

A Fine Line of

Body Brussels Carpets

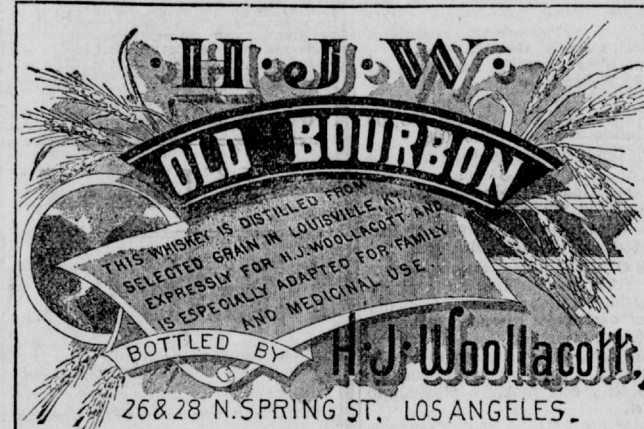
With Borders to Match, at

\$1.00 Per Yard, Sewed and Laid.

COME EARLY AND SECURE A BARGAIN!

LION & SONS,

37 to 41 South Main Street, Los Angeles.



FOR FAMILY AND MEDICINAL USE.

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT FAC SIMILE OF MY SIGNATURE OVER CORK.

THE GREAT APPETIZER.

Famous H. J. W. Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskey.

ABSOLUTELY PURE—NO FUSEL OIL.

A great relief to those troubled with Consumption, Dyspepsia, Debility, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, etc. Price, \$1.00 per quart bottle six bottles for \$5.00.

FOR SALE BY

O. H. ROBERTS, agent for Monrovia, Cal.

Geo. E. Housen, agent for Pasadena, Cal.

R. H. JOHNSON, agent for Inglewood, Cal.

H. C. WOLAND, drug store, Station B, Boyle Heights.

CARLE PHARMACY, Boyle Heights.

WEED & RUEHLER, 143 East First st., city.

VERDE & RUEHLER (branch), 421 East First street, city.

MAURICE LEE, 500 San Fernando st., city.

RAYMOND HOTEL, East Pasadena.

A. H. BROCKMAN, 11 S. Main st.

J. D. YATES, 116 W. Sixth street.

FRIEZE ABBOTT, 417 N. Main (Washington street, city).

Ed. MEYERS, 23 N. Los Angeles street. The Champion Saloon.

OCEAN VIEW HOTEL, Redondo Beach, Cal.

A. Y. VIDAL, agent for Anaheim, Cal.

FELIX CLAYBER, cor. Commercial and Los Angeles sts., city.

CHARLES FAUNE, 213 and 215 Commercial st., city.

BRUM & SCHNEIDER, 9 East First st., city.

STUBBS NICOLLETT, 307 Seventh and Main, city.

J. ROBINSON, Lamanda Park, Cal.

ANGELINA PHARMACY, 1208 Temple st., city.

TEMPLE DRUG CO., cor. Temple and Beaudry avenues, city.

Geo. QUERIE, 224 South Main street, city.

H. J. WOOLACOTT, Branch, 351 S. Spring, city.

C. LAYNE, 48 South Spring street, city.

C. LAYNE, 447 South Fort street, city.

STUBBS & BURL, 115 South Spring st., city.

S. W. LOCKETT, Druggist, cor. Fort and Second streets, city.

MATSON & BURN, cor. Fifth and Depot grounds.

PETER DEKRU, No. 8 East First st. The Arcade.

Hotel METROPOLIS, Avalon, Catalina Island.

URBAN & RUEHLER, 595 South Olive, Pharmacy.

LOUIS MEYER, U. S. Hotel Bar, city.

JOHN MCNOAH, agent for Downey, Cal.

ULMANN & MILLER, agent for Santa Ana, Cal.

L. ESELEBURN, agent for Yuma, Arizona Terr.

L. ROTH, 141 E. First st., city.

HESTY GRECKE, Shade Saloon, Boyle Heights.

CHICAGO BREWING CO., 128 South Spring, city.

CHILREN & SCHNEIDER, S. W. cor. Los Angeles and Second, city.

FOR AWNINGS, FLAGS, TENTS!

Truck, Hay and Wagon Covers.

—GO TO—

A. W. SWANFELDT,

Corner of Second and San Pedro sts. ja15 3m

J. W. SCOTT, Lessee.

RAMONA!

The Gem of the San Gabriel Valley.

Only Three Miles from City Limits of Los Angeles.

Property of San Gabriel Wine Co. Original Owners.

LOCATED AT SHORR'S STATION,

On line of S. P. R. R. and San Gabriel Valley Rapid Transit R. R.,

From 10 to 15 minutes to the Plaza, Los Angeles City.

CHEAPEST SUB-URBAN TOWN LOTS.

VILLA SITES, on ACERAGE PROPER E

POPULAR TERMS.

PUREST SPRING WATER

Inexhaustible quantities guaranteed.

Apply at Office of

SAN GABRIEL WINE CO.,

Ramona, Los Angeles county, Cal.

Or to J. M. TIERNAN, Ramona.

SOUTH FIELD

LINE OF TRAVEL.

Southern Pacific Company.

IMPORTANT CHANGE OF TIME.
Thursday, Nov. 28, 1889.
 Trains leave and are due to arrive at
 Los Angeles (New Arcade Depot)
 FIFTH STREET, DAILY, AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE FOR.	DISTINATION.	ARR. FROM.
3:50 P. M.	Banning	10:04 A. M.
5:10 P. M.	Banning	10:27 P. M.
9:00 A. M.	Colton	8:57
3:50 P. M.	Colton	10:34 A. M.
5:10 P. M.	Colton	12:20 P. M.
9:10	Colton	12:20 P. M.

5:10 P. M.	El Paso and East.	3:40 P. M.
12:35 P. M.	Long Beach and	3:50 P. M.
3:50 A. M.	Long Beach and	8:20 A. M.
5:10 P. M.	San Pedro, and	4:15 P. M.
10:40 P. M.	Ogden and East.	7:25 A. M.
10:40 P. M.	Ogden and East.	4:10 P. M.
9:00 P. M.	Portland, Or.	7:25 A. M.
3:50 P. M.	Riverside.	8:30 A. M.
2:10 P. M.	Riverside.	10:40 A. M.
9:00 A. M.	Riverside.	4:20 P. M.
8:50 P. M.	San Bernardino.	10:00 P. M.
2:10 P. M.	San Bernardino.	8:57 A. M.
	San Bernardino.	4:20 P. M.
	San Bernardino.	10:00 P. M.

9:30 A.M.	Redlands	10:00 A.M.
9:30 A.M.	San Francisco	10:00 P.M.
1:40 P.M.	San Francisco	7:40 A.M.
10:40 P.M.	San Fran. and Sacram'to	7:40 A.M.
9:30 A.M.	Santa Ana and Anaheim	8:17 A.M.
5:03 P.M.	Santa Ana and Anaheim	8:35 P.M.
9:30 A.M.	San Francisco	8:40 P.M.
7:25 A.M.	Santa Barbara	9:19 P.M.
9:30 A.M.	Santa Monica	9:30 P.M.
1:07 P.M.	Santa Monica	12:03 P.M.
5:12 P.M.	Santa Monica	4:28 P.M.
9:30 A.M.	Santa Monica	17:55 A.M.
11:00 A.M.	Tustin	9:03 A.M.
11:00 A.M.	Whittier	9:15 A.M.
12:30 P.M.	Whittier	9:03 A.M.

Local and through tickets sold, baggage checked, Pullman sleeping car reservations.

And, general information given upon application to J. M. OSAWLEY, Asst. G. Pass. Agent, No. 200 S. Spring St., or Second. CHARLES SEVILER, Agent at Depot.

§ Sundays excepted. Mondays excepted.

A. N. TOWNE, General Manager.
T. R. GOODMAN,
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent.
or 3m

Southern California R'y Co.

"SANTA FE ROUTE."

On and after FENDAU, OCT. 27th, 1889, trains will leave and arrive at First Street Depot as follows:

Leavs.	Los Angeles.	Arrive.
*8:30 A. M.	Overland.	*8:20 P. M.
*8:52 A. M.	San Diego Ex Coast L.	*8:00 P. M.
*9:40 P. M.	San Diego Ex Coast L.	*1:00 P. M.
*9:30 A. M.	{ San Bernardino San Bernardino. San Diego Ex via (River's & Orange)	*6:50 P. M.
*8:52 A. M.	Santa Ana.	*8:0 P. M.
*10:39 A. M.	Santa Ana.	*10:15 P. M.
*4:00 P. M.	Santa Ana.	*1:00 P. M.
*4:40 P. M.	Santa Ana.	*6:50 P. M.
*10:30 A. M.	{ Riverside via (Orange)	*6:50 P. M.
*8:30 A. M.	{ Riverside via San	*9:55 A. M.
*9:40 P. M.	{ BARNES	*4:20 P. M.

8:30 A.M.	Colton via Orange	4:50 P.M.
8:30 A.M.	Colton via San Bernardino	4:55 A.M.
4:00 P.M.	Colton via San Bernardino	4:20 P.M.
8:30 A.M.	San Bernardino	4:55 A.M.
4:00 P.M.	San Bernardino	4:50 A.M.
10:30 A.M.	San Bernardino via Orange	4:20 P.M.
7:45 A.M.	Pasadena	7:40 P.M.
8:30 A.M.	Pasadena	4:55 A.M.
12:30 P.M.	Pasadena	4:55 A.M.
4:00 P.M.	Pasadena	4:55 A.M.
11:35 P.M.	Pasadena	4:20 P.M.
8:20 P.M.	Pasadena	4:10 P.M.
12:30 P.M.	Duarte Accommodat'n	7:45 P.M.
10:40 P.M.	Duarte Accommodat'n	4:55 P.M.
10:00 A.M.	Redondo Beach	8:25 A.M.

8:00 P. M.	Redondo Beach	8:55 P. M.
8:30 A. M.	San Jacinto	10:50 P. M.
10:30 A. M.	San Jacinto	7:10 P. M.
11:40 A. M.	San Jacinto	7:40 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	Redlands and Mentone	9:55 A. M.
4:40 P. M.	Redlands and Mentone	14:20 P. M.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

Trains leaving Los Angeles at 8:30 A. M. connect at San Bernardino for all points south to East Riverside.

Trains leaving Los Angeles at 10:30 A. M. and arriving at 8:50 P. M. connect at East Riverside for all points south to Oceanside.

Depot at foot of First street.

K. H. WADE, General Manager.
B. E. FRYNE, Asst. Genl. Agent.
WILLIAMSON DUNN, General Agent.

City Ticket Office, No. 29 North Spring street,
CMAA, T. PARSONS, Ticket Agent.

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique

FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE.

COMPANY'S PIER (NEW) NO. 42
North River, foot of Morton street.

Travelers by this line avoid both transit by
English railway and the discomfort of crossing
the Channel in small boat.

A NORMANDIE, Frangul, Saturday, Feb
8, 6:30 a. m.

A BOURGOGNE, Santell, Saturday, Feb. 15,
1:00 p. m.

A BRETANGE, Santell, Saturday Feb 22,

GASCOGNE, Boyer, Saturday, March. 1.
 1:30 a. m.
 For freight or passage apply to
 A. FORGET, Agent,
 No. 3 Bowling Green, New York.
 Tickets for sale by all railroad and steamship
 offices in Los Angeles.
 J. F. FUGAZI & CO., Agents, 5 Montgomery
 Ave. d29 tf

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
 Goodall, Perkins & Co., General Agents
 San Francisco.
 Northern routes embrace lines for Portland,
 Ore.; Victoria, B. C., and Puget Sound, Alaska,
 and all coast points.

SOUTHERN ROUTES.
Time Table for February, 1890.

LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO

For	
Port Harford.....	S. S. Mexico, Feb. 1, 9 1
Santa Barbara.....	and 25.
San Pedro.....	S. S. Corona, Feb. 5, 13, 21
San Diego.....	and March 1.
For	S. S. Eureka, Feb. 3, 11,
Redondo.....	13 and 27.
San Pedro and	S. S. Los Angeles, Feb. 7,
Way Ports.....	15, 23 and March 3.

LEAVE SAN PEDRO

For	S. S. Mexico, Feb. 3, 11, 19
	and 27.

San Diego S. S. Corona. Feb. 7, 15, 23,
and March 3.

LEAVE SAN PEDRO

For Corcoran Feb. 1, 9, 17
San Francisco..... S. S. and 25.

Port Harford..... S. S. Mexico. Feb. 5, 13, 21
Santa Barbara..... and March 1.

LEAVE SAN PEDRO AND REDONDO

For S. S. Los Angeles. Feb. 2,
10, 18 and 26.

San Francisco..... S. S. and 28.

Way Forts..... Feb. 6, 14,
22 and March 2.

Cars to connect with steamers leave S. P. R.R.
depot, Fifth street, Los Angeles, as follows:

Wt. the Mexico and Corcoran at 9:50 o'clock
A. M.; with Los Angeles and Europa, going

North, at 5:10 o'clock P. M.
Passengers for Los Angeles and Eureka via
Redondo leave Santa Fe depot at 5:00 p.m.
Plans of steamer's cabins at agent's office,
where berth may be secured.
The steamers Los Angeles and Eureka will
call regularly at Newport pier for and with
freight and passengers.
The company reserve the right to change the
steamers or their days of sailing.

For passage or freight as above or for
tickets to and from all important points in
Europe, apply to
W. FARRIS, Agent.
Office: No. 124 West Second St., Los Angeles.

S. G. V. Rapid Transit R'y.

Leave Commercial street, Los Angeles, via S.
P. R. R., for Alhambra, Monrovia and
Way Stations.

WEEK DAYS—

Forenoon. 9:00	Afternoon. 8:54
Leave Monrovia for Alhambra, Los Angeles and Way Stations.	
Forenoon. 8:00	Afternoon. 3:20

SUNDAYS—

The same time, except 3:54 p. m. train from
Com.

Passengers transfer at Ramona.
Time between Los Angeles and Menrovia—One hour.

INTERMEDIATE STATIONS BETWEEN TERMINAL POINTS, STATIONS AT LOS ANGELES—
Post street, San Marino,
Dats, San Gabriel,
Ramona, Sunny Slope,
Alhambra, Chapman,
Mayberry, Baldwin,
Lake View, Arcadia.

Special privileges to parties erecting road sections on the line of this road.

E. F. BRONOR, President. F. Q. STORY, Gen. Manager.

11-2m

DAILY HERALD.

United States Signal Service.
Report of observations taken at Los Angeles,
February 11, 1890.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	R.H.	W.	V.	Dir.
5:07 A.M.	30.31	47	49	N	3	Clouds
5:07 P.M.	30.32	66	28	N	4	Clouds

Max. temp., 71; min. temp., 42.

Temperature East.

CHICAGO, February 11, 1890. — Temperature: New York, 26; New Orleans, 48; St. Louis, 38; Cincinnati, 33; Chicago, 34; Winnipeg, 8.

Special Bulletin.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, LOS ANGELES, Cal., February 11, 1890. — A special telegram received from the Chief Signal Office states that a "cold wave" is indicated on Kansas and Nebraska. The temperature will fall 20 degrees by 8 a. m. February 12.

PERSONAL.

O. E. Tibbets went to Santa Monica yesterday.

F. F. Little was down from Pomona yesterday.

Dr. J. H. Seymour is at Santa Monica with his wife.

J. Wiley Wallace was in from Alhambra yesterday.

H. T. Rodman went north yesterday on the afternoon train.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Long, of Chicago, are visitors to the city.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hayes and Mrs. F. Tryer are down from Newhall.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Bridge, of Denver, are in the city for a week or so.

J. D. Hooker was a passenger on the north-bound train yesterday afternoon.

Lieutenant J. A. Dapray, United States Army, is again a visitor to the city.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McDavid, of San Francisco, are spending a few days in the city.

M. Morris has returned from San Francisco, where he attended the meeting of the Grand Lodge of B'nai B'rith.

Miss Rodman, of Kenton, and Miss A. W. Warren, of Terre Haute, Indiana, returned from a trip to Coronado yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. V. L. Elbert, of Minneapolis, after spending some time in this city, sailed for San Francisco yesterday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Martin, Miss Kate Martin, Mrs. C. P. Porter and Miss A. Jackson, of Cincinnati, are in the city for the winter.

Colonel R. B. Treat has been visiting in New York for a month past, where he was caught by the grippe and nearly done up to death. He pulled through, however, and left Gotham for Los Angeles yesterday.

L. Sandman, one of Chief Crowley's lieutenants of the San Francisco police force, arrived yesterday morning. Sandman is here for his health, having had an attack of the grippe, from which he has not recovered.

Victor H. Grossin, Henry Hunsabe, P. Heidinger and wife, Cincinnati; D. Vaughn, Tucson; J. B. Murphy, Candelaria; Mrs. H. C. Harn and child, New York; C. A. Martin, wife and children, Miss Kate Martin, Mrs. C. P. Porter and child, Miss A. Jackson, Cincinnati; T. W. Kester, Lawrenceburg, Ind.; F. F. Little, Pomona, Cal.; G. W. Warner and wife, Deming; Miss Klobner, San Francisco; S. Halbert and daughter, Buffalo, N. Y., are at the Arcade.

J. B. Milton and wife, Sangus, Mass.; Wm. A. Meyer, St. Louis; C. M. Lindsey, Santa Monica; H. W. Cook, Philadelphia; R. Beatty and wife, Mrs. M. B. Murray, Mrs. Wm. Dickson, Little Falls, N. J.; F. A. Van Iderstein, Augustus Van Iderstein, Brooklyn; D. Henning, Chicago; E. B. Pence and wife, Lowell; C. E. Tibbets, E. G. Child, Los Angeles; Mrs. E. L. Hoffman, Camden, N. J.; Miss Elfrida, Fresno; E. P. Eaton, Los Angeles; A. H. Turner and wife, San Francisco; Dr. J. H. Seymour and wife, Albert Kinney, George W. Holland and wife, Los Angeles, are at the Arcadia, Santa Monica.

E. H. Fowler, New York; J. D. Flint, Fall River; J. Wiley Wallace, Alhambra; S. L. Happy, New York; F. W. Robinson, Philadelphia; J. C. Gilchrist, Mrs. J. C. Gilchrist, Oswego, N. Y.; W. Falkenbayer, Mannheim, Germany; George F. Wastell, San Bernardino; W. Waterman and wife, Sacramento; Mrs. H. H. Rice, Sacramento; P. C. Franklin, Chicago; George H. Crafts, Redlands; D. G. Whitney, San Bernardino; Jesse H. Arnold, Orange; F. W. Guard, Chicago; O. H. Howarth, London, Eng.; A. D. McDavid and wife, C. A. Richardson, W. R. Wheeler, San Francisco; P. F. Peck, Selma; Ed. Longhry, Pomona; J. Neal, San Francisco, are at the Nadeau.

Chalmers Scott, San Diego; Geo. E. Withers and wife, Delano, Cal.; R. S. Buck and wife, St. Louis; J. A. Dapray, U. S. Army; A. W. Webb, Denver; W. B. Webb, St. Paul, Minn.; M. Brown and wife, California; A. C. Moss, Chicago; Dr. S. Murdoch, Oneida, Kan.; Wm. Nettleton and wife, St. Paul, Minn.; R. D. Osborne, Pittsburg; A. H. Robinson, W. E. Brown, National City; J. C. Baldrige, Albuquerque; Wm. T. Eastman and wife, Pittsburg; J. E. Bridge and wife, Denver; Mrs. A. M. Tufts, Miss M. Tufts, H. F. R. Vail, Santa Barbara; John Hays Hammond, E. Colley, J. M. Rothchild, J. L. Frogo, San Francisco; J. P. Lanz and wife, Chicago; J. D. Fisher and wife, Florence, Mo.; C. R. Jordan and wife, Santa Barbara; H. O. Davis and wife, Tacoma, Wash.; Mrs. John H. Hammond, Miss Bonner, R. P. Hammond, Jr., Santa Barbara; W. E. Hayes and wife, Miss F. Tryer, Newhall; F. Smith and family, Santa Barbara, are at the Hollenbeck.

The Largest Business Ever Written by a Life Insurance Company in a Month.

The business of the Equitable Life Assurance Society for January exceeds \$21,000,000, which is more than \$5,000,000 in excess of the amount written in January of the previous year. Its total new business last year amounted to \$175,000,000. The officers of the company state that, judging from the business in January and the condition of the society's agencies throughout the world, it is reasonable to expect that the total business for the present year will not fall below \$200,000,000. [New York Tribune, February 1st.]

Removal Notice.

R. B. Young, architect, has removed from 49, California Bank building to rooms 47, 48 and 49, on Wilson block, First and Spring streets.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEWS NOTES.

J. S. Salkow, of the Parisian cloak house, leaves today for the East to lay in a stock of spring novelties.

The annual ball of the Los Angeles Letter Carriers' Association will take place at Turn Verein hall, Thursday evening, February 20th.

Members of Acacia Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, will meet at the Wolfskill depot to take the 10 o'clock train for Whittier this morning.

There will be a very pleasant entertainment given by the Young Men's Literary Society at the Caledonian hall, 23 South Spring street, this evening.

Transfers of real estate yesterday amounted to \$45,970 and were thirty-six in number. Of these nine were for more than \$1,000 each, and sixteen were for nominal considerations.

A musical, literary and social entertainment, for the benefit of the First Christian Mission, will be given in Union hall, corner of Grand avenue and Seventeenth (Morris) street, tomorrow evening, February 13th. A good programme has been arranged. All are invited.

J. Edwards, Esq., late of Jesus college, Oxford, and the Lower temple, London, will address the Law Students' Association this evening in Judge Wade's court room at 8 p. m. Subject, "The Roman Law of Servitudes." Mr. Edwards is a widely traveled and highly cultured gentleman. He is at present engaged in translating the Pandects of Justinian, something which has never been done heretofore. The public are invited to attend.

R. D. List, Notary Public. Legal papers carefully drawn. 18 S. Spring. Depositions taken.

CROWN HILLS.

The Citizens Discuss Grading and Water Rates.

The Crown Hills Board of Trade met yesterday evening. It was reported that the petition for the regrading of First and Second streets would be presented to the Council next Monday. Reports were made showing the water rates in fifty-six cities, in which \$2 was the lowest and \$3 the highest annual rate. Among these were Boston, \$6 per year; Brooklyn, \$4; Cincinnati, \$2; St. Louis, \$3; St. Paul, \$5; Minneapolis, \$3; average rate, \$4.50 per year. A committee was appointed to appear before the Council next Monday with a view of asking for lower rates. It is now understood that the Citizens' Water Company will not make a charge less than \$1 per month even though it should be shown that less water had been used than by the rate established by the Council last year. It was also learned that the school building on Collado street would have no lower rate, a committee was appointed to confer with the Board of Education to find out the reason, and ask if the same could not be placed thereon.

Rival Butchers.

A complaint was filed in the Township Court yesterday by Louis Hoffman, charging W. Keseman with battery. Both parties are butchers doing business on Temple street, and it is alleged, have, on account of the keenness of their competition, evinced a decided animosity towards each other. Yesterday afternoon both men were driving in opposite directions on Belmont avenue, and as they passed each other Hoffman remarked that his rival was a fool. The complaint alleges that Hoffman immediately gave the lines to a companion, who was in the wagon, and jumping down with a whip in his hand, broke it over his head, inflicting a nasty cut on his forehead. Keseman then drew a butcher knife, and jumping down from his wagon, approached Hoffman in a threatening manner. A duel seemed imminent, but at this juncture Hoffman's companion and a few pedestrians appeared and separated the combatants.

Pardoned.

Alejandro Savin, who on February 18, 1889, was sentenced by United States Judge Ross to imprisonment in the county jail for one year, for contempt of court, in having attempted to bribe Bartolo Flores, a witness in the Hippolyte Gonjon smuggling case, was yesterday released from custody, he having been pardoned by the President.

JOHN H. CURLEY.

John H. Curley, the well known merchant tailor, of 56 Market St., writes to the Edwin W. Joy Co., that for years he was afflicted with dyspepsia which nothing relieved till he commenced taking Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. He continues, "I am still taking it. Its mild laxative effects are exceedingly grateful to the system. It is a pleasant surprise that awaits those who do not know what our vegetable juices do for debility, sluggish liver and impaired digestive organs."

Harris, the Hatter

And gent's furnisher, 204 S. Spring st., opposite the Hollenbeck.

Schmer pianos and Estey organs. Liberal terms and prices at C. E. Day's music store, 8 N. Spring street.

Buggy robes and blankets at Foy's harness shop, 217 Los Angeles street.

Try "Pride of the Family" soap.

Four Years on Crutches.

For fifteen years I was afflicted with rheumatism. Four years of which I was compelled to go on crutches. Words are inadequate to express the suffering I endured during that time. During these fifteen years of existence (it was not living), I tried every known remedy without receiving any benefit. I finally began on Swift's specific (S. S. S.), which from the first gave me relief, and today I am enjoying the best of health, and am a well man. I candidly believe that S. S. S. is the best blood purifier on the market today.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta Ga.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A model of purity and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight, cheap phosphated powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANE. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 WALL ST. N. Y. THE JOHNSON LOCK & MFG. CO., 44-4th ST. N. Y. THE JOHNSON LOCK & MFG. CO., 44-4th ST. N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.

W. E. BEESON'S
Auction and Commission House,
NOS. 119 AND 121 W. SECOND ST.

Peremptory Sales of New and Second-Hand Furniture

TUESDAY, FEB. 11,
THURSDAY, FEB. 13,
SATURDAY, FEB. 15,
At 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES ON SATURDAY.

BEN O. RHODES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Notice is hereby given that on
Wednesday, February 12th,

At 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

At the office of Graves, O'Melveny & Shankland, No. 21 Baker Block, in the City of Los Angeles, California, I will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, for cash in U. S. gold coin, for account of Wicks, Faxon & Co., the following described real property, to-wit:

1. Lots 25 and 27 of Gardner & Farris subdivision of part of lot 4 and 5, of block Q, San Pascual tract, according to map thereof, recorded in Book 19, page 25, of Miscellaneous Records of said county.

2. Lot 13, block 6, as shown upon map of Damon & Millard's subdivision of the Shaw tract (being lot 1, block 2, Hancock's survey of Los Angeles City), recorded in Book 19, page 45, of Miscellaneous Records of said county.

3. Lot 8, block 13, of the Urquiza tract, according to map thereof, recorded in Book 11, page 10, of Miscellaneous Records of said county.

Certificate showing the condition of the title to said real property, can be seen at the office of Graves, O'Melveny & Shankland, 21 Baker block, Los Angeles, Cal.

Feb-6 THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

ORANGE PACKERS ATTENTION!

ORANGE WRAPPERS

In red, white and blue tissue, sizes 8x10, 10x10 and 10x12. For sale by

GEO. W. COOKE & CO.,

Wholesale Paper Dealers, 209 N. Los Angeles street, Los Angeles, Cal. Telephone 679.

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LUMBER YARDS.

CLARK & HUMPHREYS,
DEALERS IN
ALL KINDS OF
LUMBER!
San Pedro Street,
Near Seventh,
P. O. Box 1235. Telephone 178.

PERRY, MOTT & CO'S
Lumber Yards
AND PLANING MILLS,
No. 78 Commercial Street.

Kerckhoff-Cuzner
Mill and Lumber Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Main Office: LOS ANGELES. Wholesale Yard at SAN PEDRO.
Branch Yards: Pomona, Pasadena, Lamanda, Azusa, Burbank, Flaming Mills: Los Angeles and Pomona. Cargoes furnished to order.

Western Lumber Co.
Cor. Ninth and San Pedro Streets.

LUMBER of all classes can be had at this yard

Mills and Yards—Portland, Oregon.
Wholesale Yard—Redondo Beach.

WILLAMETTE STEAM MILLS
Lumbering and Manu'g Co.,

Manufacturers of Fir and Spruce Lumber, Dealers in Flooring, Siding, Rustic, Lath, Planes, etc. Special orders cut to suit purchasers. Large orders in extra sizes and lengths solicited. YARDS—COR. NEW MAIN AND SAN PEDRO STS., LOS ANGELES.

J. M. Griffith, President.
H. G. Stevenson, Vice-Pres. and Treas.
T. A. Nichols, Sec'y. E. L. Chandler, Asst. Sec'y.

O. B. FULLER & CO.
(Successors to McLain & Lehman.)
No. 3 MARKET ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Safest and Most Moving, All kinds of Truck Work

Pioneer Truck and Transfer Co.
Telephone 188. P. O. Box 537.

LOS ANGELES FISHING CO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FISH, GAME AND POULTRY
All kinds of OYSTERS always on hand.

Stalls 9, 11, 13, 15, 17 and 20, Mott Market, Los Angeles, Cal.

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